AIRPORT DRIVER TRAINING



WHY ARE YOU HERE?

- The FAA requires Airports to limit vehicles operating on airport. 14 C.F.R. § 139.329
- This includes "provisions identifying consequences of noncompliance".

14 C.F.R. § 139.329(b)

DEFINITIONS

- Airfield: The area inside of the airport perimeter fencing including runways, taxiways, and safety areas.
- Movement Area: Paved surfaces where the primary purpose is for aircraft movement, such as taxiing, hover taxiing, takeoff and landing. Examples are runways and taxiways.

- Non-Movement Area: Paved surfaces where the primary purpose is for parking. Examples include ramps and vehicle roads.
- Access Road: A road which provides access from the landside portion of the airport (public areas outside of the fence) directly to the Movement Areas of the Airport.

• Safety Area: A designated area abutting the edges of runways or taxiways intended to reduce the risk of damage to an aircraft inadvertently leaving the runway or taxiway.

SAFETY AREA	

 Convenience Crossing: Crossing the runway without an operational need.

These crossings are prohibited at all times!

 Operational Crossing: Crossing the runway due to an operational need.

Examples include: towing an aircraft, Airport or Town Vehicles responding to an urgent or emergency situation.

 FOD: Foreign Object Damage / Debris. Any object on the ground that may damage an aircraft, vehicle, person or other object.

RUNWAY INCURSIONS

 The FAA definition – An occurrence at an aerodrome (airport) involving the incorrect presence of an aircraft, vehicle or person on the protected area of a surface designated for the landing and take-off of aircraft.

AIRPORT LAYOUT

The Airfield is a Restricted Area!!!

 Only vehicles driven by authorized drivers are allowed to transition through the airfield.

AIRPORT LAYOUT CONT. Airfield



AIRPORT LAYOUT CONT. RUNWAY



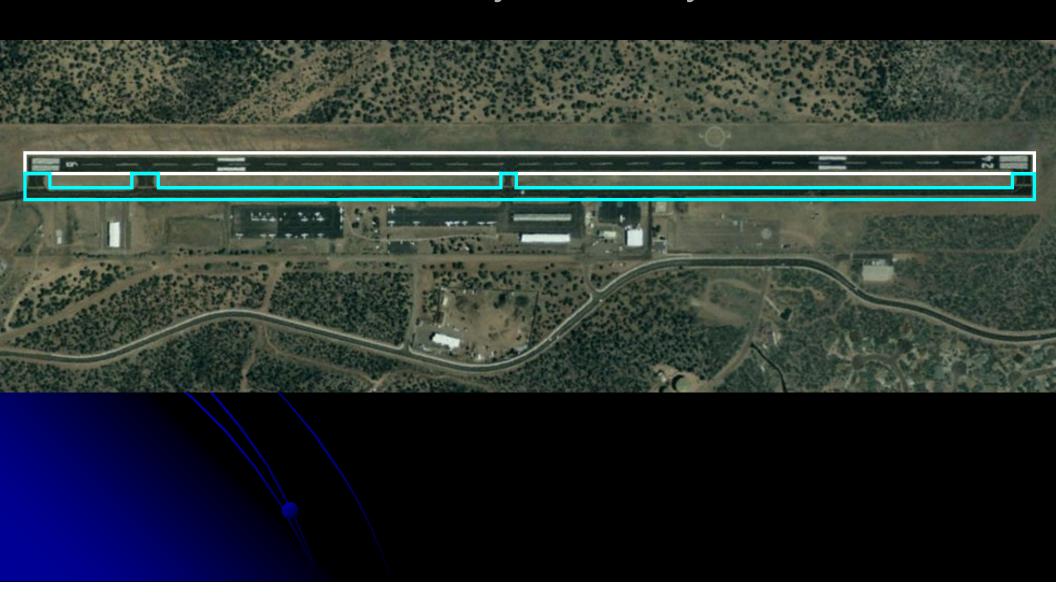
AIRPORT LAYOUT CONT. TAXIWAYS



AIRPORT LAYOUT CONT.

Movement Area

= Runway + Taxiways



AIRPORT LAYOUT CONT. Safety Areas



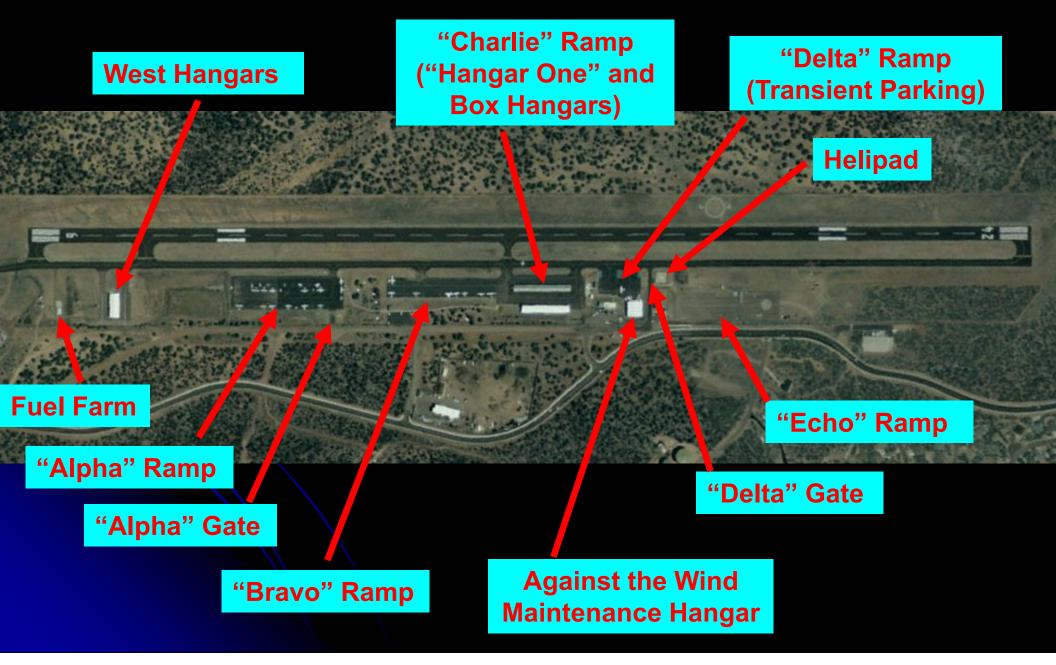
AIRPORT LAYOUT CONT.

NON - MOVEMENT AREAS



AIRPORT LAYOUT CONT.

KEY LOCATIONS



Airfield Markings

Hold Bars



Airport Lighting

Runway Lighting

Taxiway Lighting

Runway End Lights

Runway Edge Lighting



- Designed to identify the edge of the usable runway surface at night and during periods of low visibility.
- Runway edge lighting is clear (or white).

Taxiway Edge Lighting



- Designed to identify the edge of the usable taxiway surface at night and during periods of low visibility.
- Taxiway edge lighting is blue.

Runway End Lights



- Used to depict the end of the useable runway to aircraft.
- Arranged in two sets of four red lights.

Now you know about the airport!

Ask your self:

"How do I drive out here?"

WHAT DO YOU NEED TO KNOW

- Be familiar with the layout of the airport.
- Be familiar with airport markings and lighting and what they mean!!
- Be familiar with this Airport Driver Training material.

WHAT MUST YOU HAVE

Valid state drivers license.

Airport training certificate (Airport Authorization).

HOW DO YOU GET AUTHORIZATION

- Must have an "Operational Need" to be on and drive on the field.
- Attend Driver's Training.
- Pass a written test with a score of at least 85% (Miss only two questions).

Airfield Driver's Training Certificate

- Your certificate must be in your possession whenever on airfield.
- Do not loan your certificate to anyone else.
- Report lost certificates immediately.
- Must relinquish certificate to Airport employee when so asked.

Vehicles Must:

Be in sound mechanical condition.

 Have state minimum insurance requirements.

Vehicles Must:

- All vehicles and ground equipment must yield when within <u>100-feet</u> of any moving aircraft while in the Movement Area.
- Aircraft <u>always</u> have the right-of-way.
- The vehicle must <u>never</u> drive into the path of any moving aircraft.

Vehicles Must:

 Yield the right-of-way to all authorized emergency response vehicles responding to emergency situations including: fire department, police department, ambulances and AIRPORT OPERATIONS vehicles.

VEHICLE OPERATIONS

- SPEED LIMITS:
 - 5 mph within 10 feet of aircraft
 - 10 mph on aircraft parking ramps
 - 25 mph on other roads and taxiways.

HAZARDS ON THE RAMPS

- Always be on the look out for:
 - Moving Propellers
 - It is <u>equally</u> dangerous if you are in front, behind or on the side of a moving propeller.
 - Jet Blast and Intake suction

Flying debris

HAZARDS ON THE RAMPS

- Helicopters:
 - Are extremely maneuverable
 - May not normally fly a standard traffic pattern and may "appear out of nowhere"

HAZARDS ON THE RAMPS

Night Driving Operations:

- Even if an aircraft has it's lights on it is harder to see at night than it is in the day time.
- Use caution with your headlights as they can hurt a pilot's night vision for up to 30 minutes!!

THE DO'S

- Give way to aircraft at all times.
- Report all Spills to Airport Operations, i.e. fuel, oil, lavatory, de-ice fluid etc.
- Report any wildlife sightings.
- Report all accidents; render aid as needed.
- Be aware of jet blast and FOD; pick up anything that could cause damage should it get blown around.

THE DO NOTS

 Park or leave a vehicle unattended that will interfere with aircraft movement.

Drive in a reckless or careless manner.

 Move any parts or pieces of an aircraft accident to aid in the investigation.
 (Moving evidence is a Federal crime.)

AIRPORT LAYOUT CONT.

VEHICLE TRAVEL ROUTES

(From Alpha Gate)



"Alpha" Gate

When approaching a taxiway, stop and look both directions before proceeding.

AIRPORT LAYOUT CONT.

VEHICLE TRAVEL ROUTES

(From Delta Gate)



When approaching a taxiway, stop and look both directions before proceeding.

"Delta" Gate

Gate Operations

- The gates have two purposes: Airport Security and to keep animals off airport
- Hold Gate Card near to the "reader" which is a black square with a red LED light on it.
- Once open, pull through gate beyond the white line (ground sensor) then stop and wait for the gate to close.
- To exit, pull up to gate and ground sensor will open gate, then pull through beyond white line and wait for gate to close.

Violations - The What If !!!

PAYSON REGIONAL AIRPORT	NOTICE OF VIOLATION				COPIES TO: AIRPORT OPERATIONS VIOLATOR		
Written by:	Date Wri		Date of Vi MO DA		Time	Notice #	
TYPE OF VIOLATION OBS	NAME:			LICENSE PLATE #:			
1 No Airfield Driver's (ADDRESS & PHONE #:			LOCATION OF VIOLATION:			
2 Failure to Escort / Bo							
3 Failure to yield to air	COMMENTS:						
4 Improper parking							
5 Excessive speed							
6 Other							
THIS IS THE 1 ST 2 ND 3 RD 4 TH OTHER VIOLATION FOR THIS PERSON							
PENALTY FOR RETRAI		ENSION OF PR		OTHER:			
RETESTING —— DAYS RECOVATION OF PRIVILEGES ———————————————————————————————————							
CONTACT THE FOLLOWING PERSON FOR VIOLATION RESOLUTION: PHONE:							
RESOLVED ON:	WITH: SIGNATURE:						

THE WHAT IF

- Possible enforcement actions include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Retrain and retest,
 - 2. Suspension of driving privileges,
 - 3. Removing vehicles/ persons off the airfield,
 - 4. Revocation of airfield access privileges

THE WHAT IF

- First Violation
- Second Violation
- Third Violation
- Fourth Violation

- 90 day suspension
- 120 day suspension
- 180 day suspension
- 1-year or permanent revocation of driving privileges

Depending on the severity of the offense, penalties may vary.

WHAT IF CONT.

 More than one violation in a 30 day period will result in a mandatory 1 year revocation.

 The Town of Payson reserves the right to deny anyone their driving privilege.

THE WHAT IF!!!!!!

Severe Violation - Any driving violation of a severe nature (i.e., a violation resulting in property damage and/or injury, runway incursions, reckless driving, etc.) as determined by the Operations Department will warrant an immediate suspension of permit and may be grounds for fines issued by the Airport.

Fines for Non-Compliance

- Runway Incursion \$2,500
- Safety Area Incursion \$1,000

 Operations Department has option to issue warning on first offense, based upon the circumstances of the incident.

Escort Program

- Trained persons may escort nontrained persons, subcontractors or delivery drivers as needed.
- Trained persons must remain with escortee at all times and are responsible for their actions

Gate Operations

 Now that you know the rules, here is a quick review of how to use the gates:

QUESTIONS?

