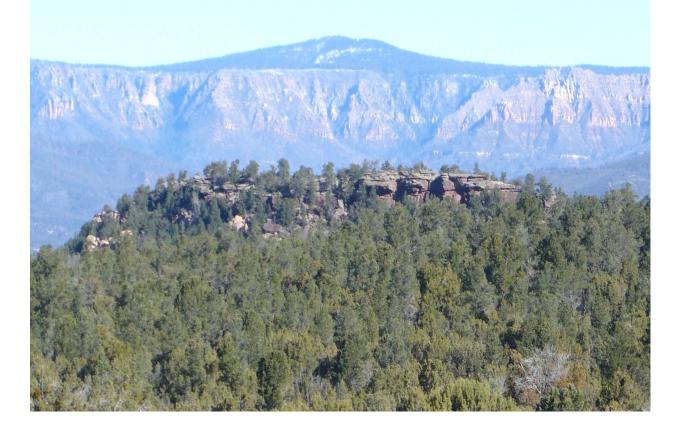
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2013





Town of Payson 303 N. Beeline Hwy. Payson, AZ 85541

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TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013



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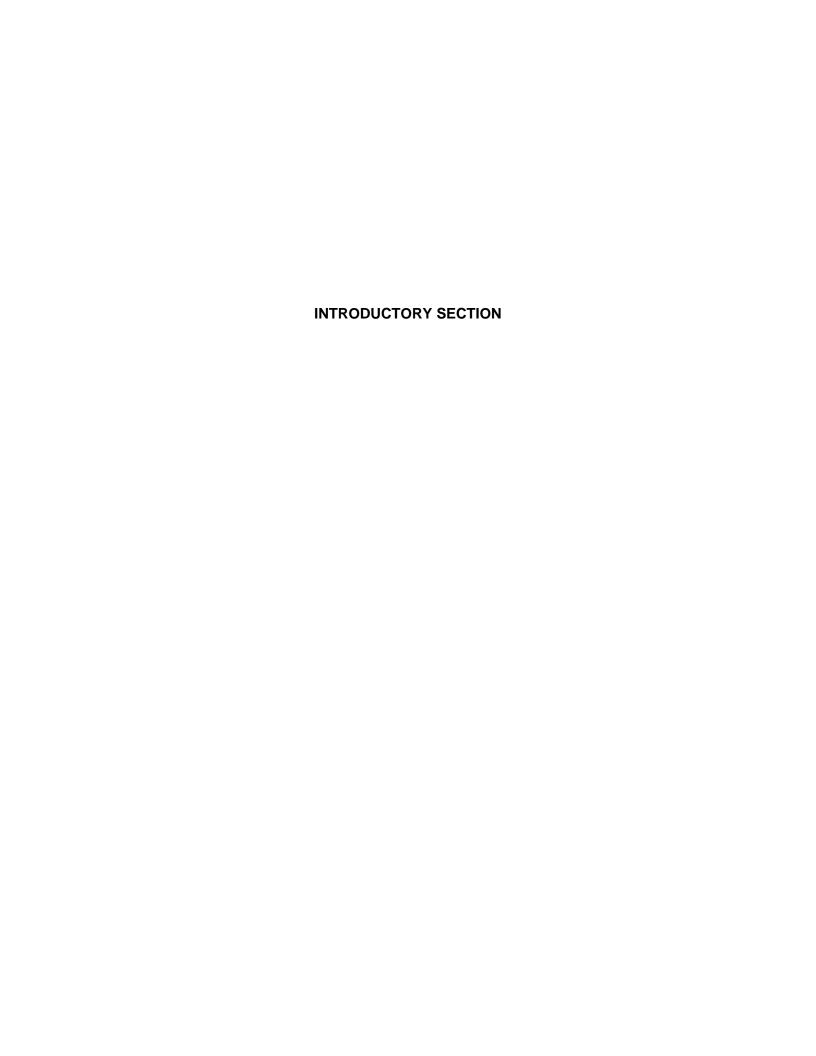
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Town of Payson 303 N. Beeline Highway Payson, Arizona 85541-4306 TOWN OF PAYSON Finance Department 303 N. Beeline Hwy Payson, AZ 85541

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December 19, 2013

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of Town Council and the Citizens of the Town of Payson, Arizona:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Town of Payson, Arizona (the Town), for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 is submitted herewith.

This report is published to provide the Town Council, Town staff, our citizens, our bondholders and other interested parties with detailed information concerning the financial condition and activities of the Town government. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Town of Payson's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with this letter.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The Town of Payson, Arizona, incorporated in 1973, is located at the intersection of State routes 87 and 260, 90 miles north of Phoenix, Arizona. The Town's boundaries enclose 19.5 square miles in northern Gila County and serve a population of 15,301. Surrounded by the Tonto National forest and the world's largest stand of virgin Ponderosa Pines, Payson is nestled just below Arizona's Mogollon Rim at an elevation of 4,982 feet and enjoys a moderate four season climate.

State statutes empower the Town to levy a primary real property tax on property within its boundaries and to levy secondary taxes for debt retirement and local improvement districts. Payson has the power by State statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation when deemed appropriate by a majority of the property owners and the Town Council.

The Town operates under the council-manager form of government. The Town Council, which has policy-making and legislative authority, consists of a mayor and a six-member council. The Town Council is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, resolutions and adopting the Town's annual budget. They also appoint committees and hire the Town Manager and Town Attorney. The Town Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies, ordinances and resolutions of the Town Council, and for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the Town. The Council is elected on a nonpartisan "at large" basis. Council members are elected to four-year staggered terms with three Council members elected every two years. The qualified electors of the Town directly elect the Mayor for a two-year term.

The Town provides a full range of services, including police, fire, and emergency medical services; planning, zoning, and building code enforcement; the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; recreational activities and cultural events; an airport and a library. In addition, the Town operates a municipal water utility that presently serves 7,908 customers.

The Council is required to adopt a tentative budget on or before the third Monday in July. Public hearings are held on the proposed budget with adoption of the final budget on or before the seventh day before the tax levy is adopted, which is on or before the third Monday in August. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the Town's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g. public safety), and department (e.g. police). Department heads may transfer resources within a department with approval of the Town Manager. Transfers between funds, however, need approval from the Town Council.

LOCAL ECONOMY

In its early years, Payson's economy was based on logging, ranching and tourism. Over the years, the economy has been shifting to provide housing and services for a growing retirement population relocating to the area for clean air, good climate, and a rural, small town quality of life. Tourism activity presently dominates the local economy. The Town's elected leadership desires to encourage economic development that will create good jobs, but not harm the environment.

Like the rest of the nation, and Arizona in particular, Payson continued to experience an unfavorable economic environment during fiscal year 2012-2013. Based on the 2010 Census, the population of the Town of Payson is now 15,301. Over the last ten years, the population increased 12.3%. The Town's unemployment rate, as of June 30, 2013 was 9.3%. This is 0.3% less than last year, and is higher than the State's rate of 8.0% and the County's rate of 6.7%. The region (which includes Payson, another town and the surrounding non-incorporated areas within the County) has an employed labor force of approximately 6,332 that has increased significantly over the last fifteen years.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The Town is dedicated to enhancing the quality of life for its citizens, and providing a superior level of service in the most effective and efficient manner while exercising fiscal responsibility.

Payson has and will continue to be very proactive in encouraging quality community and organizational development. Each year, the Town Council and the management staff participate in a strategic planning process to update the Corporate Strategic Plan (CSP) to accommodate changes in the constituent's needs. The CSP operationalizes the Town's mission statement and the General Plan by specifying objectives and strategies for achieving them. Funding is allocated during the subsequent budgeting process.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the Town operates.

The Town's financial policies set forth the basic framework for the fiscal management of the Town. These include policies for accounting, budgeting, capital improvements, asset management, revenue management, risk management, and fund balance/reserve levels. These policies were developed within the parameters established by applicable provisions of Arizona Revised Statutes, Title 9 Cities and Towns, and the Town of Payson Code of Ordinances. The policies are to be reviewed on an annual basis and modified to accommodate changing circumstances or conditions.

The Town's accounting records for general governmental activities are maintained on a modified accrual basis, with revenues being recorded when available and measureable, and expenditures being recorded when the services or goods are received and the liabilities are incurred. Accounting records for the Town's water utility and other proprietary activities are maintained on the accrual basis.

Budgetary control is maintained at the fund level. Unused appropriations lapse at year-end, and must be re-appropriated or absorbed in the next year's operating budget. Appropriations for Capital Improvement Projects do not lapse at year-end, but are valid for the life of the project. Under the Town's budgetary process, outstanding encumbrances are reported as nonspendable fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities since the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored the subsequent fiscal year.

All agencies of the Town are required to submit requests for appropriation to Financial Services by April 1 each year. These requests are used to develop a proposed budget. By early July, the Tentative Budget is adopted and a public hearing is held on the State Expenditure Limitation document. By early August, a public hearing is held on the Final Budget, which is then adopted by the Council. Within seven days of the Final Budget adoption, a public hearing is held on the proposed Primary and Secondary tax rates where they are then adopted by ordinance. Upon adoption, they are certified to the County Treasurer.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Although the tough economic climate of the past couple years has slowed down the progress of some of the strategic objectives of the Town, several initiatives were undertaken in fiscal year 2012-13.

- In the fall of 2009, the Town secured a \$10.6 million loan from the Water Infrastructure Financing Authority (WIFA) of Arizona. \$4.0 million of which was an American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) grant. During the 2010-2011 fiscal year, and 2011-2012 fiscal years funds were used to complete the environmental assessments, infrastructure planning and purchase of the steel pipe to build the 14.5 mile water pipe line. In 2012-2013, the Town de-obligated \$2.4 million of the \$10.6 million and received another WIFA loan in the amount of \$6.25 million to continue the construction.
- Construction of the in-town portion of the water pipeline finished during fiscal year 2012-2013.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Awards. The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town for the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. This was the 14th consecutive year that the government achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The Town began producing a Popular Annual Financial Report (PAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 and has produced one every year since. The PAFR is a report based on the CAFR but specifically designed to be readily accessible and easily understandable to the general public and other interested parties without a background in public finance. The Town has received the GFOA Popular Annual Financial Report Award each year since 2006.

In addition, the government also received GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the annual budget document for fiscal year 2012-2013. In order to qualify for this award, the government's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide and a communications device. This also was the 14th consecutive year that the government achieved this prestigious award.

Acknowledgements. The preparation of the report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Financial Services and Administration departments. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit must also be given to the Mayor and members of the Town Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Town of Payson's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Debra A. Galbraith, CGFM

Sebra A Salbraith

Town Manager

Hope Cribb

Finance Manager

Hope a Cribb

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA TOWN OFFICIALS

TOWN COUNCIL

Kenny J. Evans Mayor

Michael Hughes, Vice Mayor John R. Wilson, Council Member Su Connell, Council Member Ed Blair, Council Member Richard Croy, Council Member Fred Carpenter, Council Member

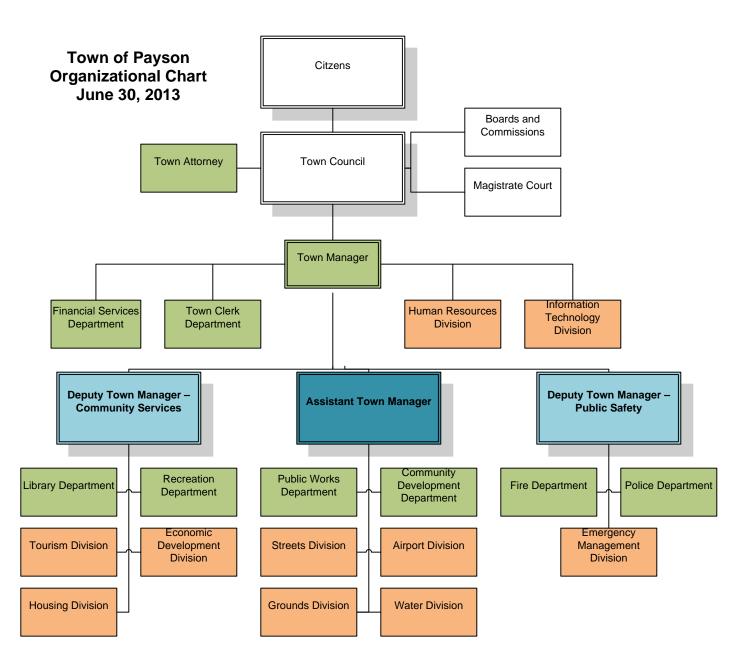
ADMINISTRATION

Debra A. Galbraith, Town Manager LaRon Garrett, Assistant Town Manager Don Engler, Deputy Town Manager

DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS

Town Clerk
Town Attorney
Magistrate Court
Finance Manager
Police Chief
Fire Chief
Librarian
Public Works
Recreation and Tourism

Silvia Smith
Timothy Wright
Dorothy Little
Hope Cribb
Don Engler
Marty DeMasi
Emily Linkey
LaRon Garrett
Cameron Davis





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Payson Arizona

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2012

Executive Director/CEO







CliftonLarsonAllen LLP www.CLAconnect.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and the Town Council Town of Payson, Arizona Payson, Arizona

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Payson, Arizona (Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



The Honorable Mayor and the Town Council of the Town of Payson, Arizona

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Payson, Arizona as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison schedule of the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis on pages 11–20 and the schedule of pension benefits, and other postemployment benefits other than pensions on page 59 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2013, on our consideration of the Town of Payson, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Payson, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Phoenix, Arizona December 19, 2013







The Town of Payson, Arizona (Town) is pleased to offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of our financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The intended purpose of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is to provide an introduction to the basic financial statements and notes that provides an objective and easy to read analysis of our financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and conditions, by providing an easily readable summary of operating results and reasons for changes. This discussion will help determine if our financial position improved or deteriorated over the past year. This report addresses current operational activities, the sources, uses, and changes in resources, adherence to budget, service levels, limitations, significant economic factors, and the status of infrastructure and its impact on our debt and operations. When referring to prior year's data in this analysis we will be drawing upon information from last year's audited financial reports.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Town exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$126.0 million (net position). Of this amount \$0.6 million is unrestricted and may be used to meet the Town's on-going obligations to citizens and creditors. The decrease in unrestricted net position is largely due to the accounting treatment for health insurance costs, accounting treatment for the completion of the new fire station and payoff of several large debt issues.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2.4 million, a decrease of \$0.4 million in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$480,761 or 3.6 percent of total General Fund expenditures.
- General Fund revenues (on a budgetary basis) were less than budgeted revenues by \$2.5 million for fiscal year 2013. Additionally, budgetary basis expenditures were 84% (\$2.5 million (16%) in savings) of the final budget in the General Fund.
- General Fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$489,400 million; a variance of \$43,200 from the final budget.
- In August 2009, the Town entered into a \$10.6 million (\$4.0 million in federal grant funding and \$6.6 million in loans) agreement with the Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona for completion of Phase I of the C.C. Cragin pipeline and for required repairs and replacements to the existing system. As of June 30, 2013, the Town has drawn down \$6.2 million of the loan and has drawn the maximum \$4.0 million in federal ARRA grant funds. In August 2012, \$2.4 million of the loan were de-obligated and the Town made the final draw of available funds (after de-obligation) in July 2012.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Town consists of this discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and the required supplementary schedules presented after the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, including the budgetary statements for the General Fund and notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as useful indicators of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. Changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused paid time off).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, highways and streets, culture and recreation, public works, community development and health and welfare. The business-type activities include only the operations of the water system.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 21 - 22 of this report.

Fund financial statements. Also presented are the fund financial statements for governmental funds. The fund financial statements focus on major funds of the Town, rather than fund type. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and schedules.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 23 - 28 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The Town maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for the operations of the water services. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs among the Town's various functions. The Town uses an internal service fund to account for insurance services. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Fund, which is considered to be a major fund of the Town. The internal service fund is presented in the proprietary fund financial statements as a separate column.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 29 - 32 of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements (pages 33 - 58) provide additional information that is essential to obtain a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements.

Required supplementary information other than MD&A. Governments have an option of including the budgetary comparison statements for the General Fund and major special revenue funds as either part of the fund financial statements within the basic financial statements, or as required supplementary information following the notes to the basic financial statements. The Town has chosen to present these budgetary statements as part of the basic financial statements. Additionally, governments are required to disclose certain information about employee pensions and other postemployment benefits other than pensions. The Town has disclosed this information in Note 4.C. and in the Required Supplementary Information on page 59 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net position may serve over time as useful indicators of a government's financial position. The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position of the Town for June 30, 2013 showing that assets exceeded liabilities by \$126.0 million.

Condensed Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013 and 2012

		pe Activities	Total			
2012	2012 2013 2012 2013		2013	2012		
\$ 4,664,103	\$ 8,915,176	\$ 7,456,253	\$ 12,542,948	\$ 12,120,356		
13,928,361	15,816,504	12,477,523	28,055,499	26,405,884		
95,223,700	9,233,832	10,057,162	104,757,014	105,280,862		
113,816,164	33,965,512	29,990,938	145,355,461	143,807,102		
660,198	753,862	700,441	1,307,287	1,360,639		
•	•					
1,706,385	597,607	419,883	2,055,865	2,126,268		
8,941,736	6,625,133	3,230,554	15,999,530	12,172,290		
11,308,319	7,976,602	4,350,878	19,362,682	15,659,197		
104.528.536	18.768.107	19.707.632	122.805.134	124,236,168		
2,471,981	451,859	451,859	2,540,454	2,923,840		
(4,492,672)	6,768,944	5,480,569	647,191	987,897		
\$ 102,507,845	\$ 25,988,910	\$ 25,640,060	\$ 125,992,779	\$ 128,147,905		
	\$ 4,664,103 13,928,361 95,223,700 113,816,164 660,198 1,706,385 8,941,736 11,308,319 104,528,536 2,471,981 (4,492,672)	\$ 4,664,103 \$ 8,915,176 13,928,361 15,816,504 95,223,700 9,233,832 113,816,164 33,965,512 660,198 753,862 1,706,385 597,607 8,941,736 6,625,133 11,308,319 7,976,602 104,528,536 18,768,107 2,471,981 451,859 (4,492,672) 6,768,944	\$ 4,664,103 \$ 8,915,176 \$ 7,456,253 13,928,361 15,816,504 12,477,523 95,223,700 9,233,832 10,057,162 113,816,164 33,965,512 29,990,938 660,198 753,862 700,441 1,706,385 597,607 419,883 8,941,736 6,625,133 3,230,554 11,308,319 7,976,602 4,350,878 104,528,536 18,768,107 19,707,632 2,471,981 451,859 4,492,672) 6,768,944 5,480,569	\$ 4,664,103 \$ 8,915,176 \$ 7,456,253 \$ 12,542,948 13,928,361 15,816,504 12,477,523 28,055,499 95,223,700 9,233,832 10,057,162 104,757,014 113,816,164 33,965,512 29,990,938 145,355,461 660,198 753,862 700,441 1,307,287 1,706,385 597,607 419,883 2,055,865 8,941,736 6,625,133 3,230,554 15,999,530 11,308,319 7,976,602 4,350,878 19,362,682 104,528,536 18,768,107 19,707,632 122,805,134 2,471,981 451,859 451,859 2,540,454 (4,492,672) 6,768,944 5,480,569 647,191		

Net position consist of three components. The largest portion of the Town's net position (97%) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, intangible assets, buildings, infrastructure, water system, and vehicles, machinery and equipment), less any outstanding related debt used to acquire those assets. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Town's net position (2.0%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions. The remaining balance (\$0.6 million) represents unrestricted net position.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town was able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position for the government as a whole. The negative unrestricted net position, reported in the governmental activities, was largely due the accounting treatment for health insurance costs, accounting treatment for the completion of the new fire station and payoff of several large debt issues.

The following table compares the revenue and expenses for the current and previous fiscal year.

Changes in Net Position Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total			
		2013		2012		2013		2012		2013		2012
REVENUES	-											
Program Revenues:												
Fees, Fines and Charges												
for Services	\$	1,712,074	\$	1,521,174	\$	4,569,601	\$	4,268,103	\$	6,281,675	\$	5,789,277
Operating Grants and												
Contributions		2,946,035		2,661,413		-		75,000		2,946,035		2,736,413
Capital Grants and												
Contributions		296,246		675,204		-		826,370		296,246		1,501,574
General Revenues:												
Sales Taxes		6,047,114		6,047,629		-		-		6,047,114		6,047,629
Property Taxes		882,079		960,360		-		-		882,079		960,360
Franchise Taxes		356,550		351,227		-		-		356,550		351,227
State Share d Revenues		2,815,379		2,487,041		-		-		2,815,379		2,487,041
Auto Lieu Taxes		832,631		833,014		-		-		832,631		833,014
Investment Earnings (Loss)		388		2,610		9,324		1,475		9,712		4,085
Total Revenues		15,888,496		15,539,672		4,578,925		5,170,948		20,467,421		20,710,620
EXPENSES												
General Government		4,075,873		3,574,186		-		-		4,075,873		3,574,186
Public Safety		8,977,125		8,845,884		-		-		8,977,125		8,845,884
Highways and Streets		2,479,031		2,632,098		-		-		2,479,031		2,632,098
Culture and Recreation		1,252,833		1,453,416		-		_		1,252,833		1,453,416
Public Works		195,693		212,155		-		_		195,693		212,155
Community Development		982,040		880,320		-		_		982,040		880,320
Health and Welfare		264,900		267,331		-		-		264,900		267,331
Interest on Long-Term Debt		147,677		224,074		-		_		147,677		224,074
Water		, -		· -		4,247,375		4,373,128		4,247,375		4,373,128
Total Expenses		18,375,172		18,089,464		4,247,375		4,373,128		22,622,547		22,462,592
CHANGE IN NET POSITION												
BEFORE TRANSFERS		(2,486,676)		(2,549,792)		331,550		797,820		(2,155,126)		(1,751,972)
Transfers		(17,300)		(17,300)		17,300		17,300		(2,100,120)		(1,701,072)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(2,503,976)		(2,567,092)		348,850		815,120		(2,155,126)	-	(1,751,972)
Net Position - Beginning of Year		102,507,845		105,074,937		25,640,060		24,824,940		128,147,905		129,899,877
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR		100,003,869		102,507,845	\$	25,988,910	\$	25,640,060	\$	125,992,779	\$	128,147,905
Comon Libor ILAN	Ψ	100,003,009	Ψ	102,307,043	Ψ	25,500,510	Ψ	23,040,000	Ψ	123,332,113	Ψ	120,147,800

Governmental activities. Total governmental revenues increased over the prior year with a net increase of \$0.3 million (2.2%).

Program revenues increased \$96,564 over the prior fiscal year. The increase was the net result of an 11% increase in operating grants and contributions, 13% increase in fees, fines and charges for services, and a 56% decrease in capital grants and contributions. The increase in the operating grants and contributions was mainly due to an increase in fire service grants (\$277,601). The decrease in capital grants and contributions was due to a decline in airport and community development block grant funding. The increase in fees, fines and charges for services was mainly due to the Town increasing the fees related to enterprise activities provided by the general government.

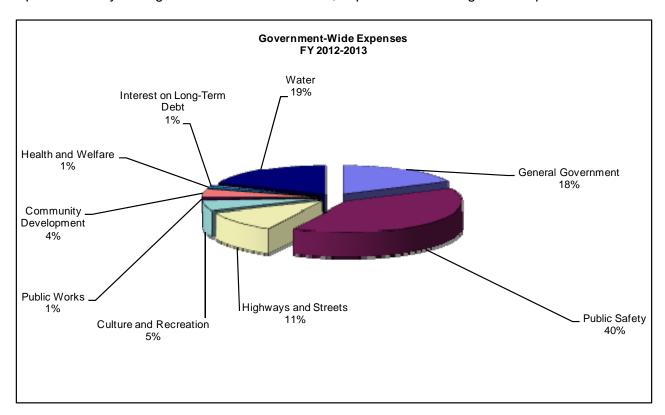
General revenues increased \$252,260. The increase was largely due to an increase in stated shared funding. Specifically, the Town recognized a \$271,548 increase in the state share of income tax revenue. The remaining changes in general revenues were not significant.

Overall, expenses increased \$285,708 from the prior year. The increase was mainly due to expenses for the 6 new firefighters hired for the SAFER grant, increasing public safety expenses by \$131,241. General government increased \$501,687 due to an increase in Other Post Employment Benefit expenses. Conversely, culture and creation expenses decreased as a result of changes in some of the events.

Business-type activities. Charges for services increased over the prior fiscal year by \$0.3 million. The increase was due to increased rates that were implemented during the fiscal year 2012-13 for water usage. Capital grants decreased \$0.8 million over the prior fiscal year. The decrease was due to the reduction in grants received as part of the Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona forgivable loan related to the pipeline construction project. Investment earnings increased due to an increase in the average cash balance.

The 3% (\$125,753) reduction in expenses was not significant during the year.

The following graph illustrates the Town's government-wide expenses previously discussed in a comparative analysis of government-wide revenues, expenses and changes in net position.



Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of resources that are available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Types of Governmental funds reported by the Town include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Fund, and Debt Service Fund.

As of the end of the current fiscal year the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2.4 million, a decrease of \$0.4 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 41% of this total amount (\$1.0 million) constitutes General Fund fund balance, which is reported as either nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned fund balance. At fiscal year-end 2012-2013 fund balances were as follows:

		Incre ase
		(Decrease)
Fund	Balance	From 2011-12
General Fund	\$ 964,961	64,211
Debt Service Fund	572,960	(138,300)
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	834,964	(315,200)

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the General Fund fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The unassigned General Fund fund balance represents 4% of total General Fund expenditures, while total unassigned fund balance represents 3% of total fund expenditures.

The General Fund increase of \$64,211 was not significant.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the payment of general obligation bonds and special assessments. The debt service due on this long-term debt is funded largely by property tax, sales tax and special assessment revenues; however, funds are transferred in from other funds to contribute to the debt service due on the general obligation bonds. The debt service fund decreased \$138,300 due to the use of carryover funds from prior years for current debt service.

The Nonmajor Governmental Funds decrease of \$315,200 was due to an increase in transfers to pay for debt service costs and an increase in expenditures over revenues for capital purchases.

Budgetary Highlights

The Town's annual budget is the legally adopted expenditure control document of the Town. Budgetary comparison statements are required for the General Fund and all major special revenue funds and may be found on pages 27 - 28. These statements compare the original adopted budget, the budget if amended throughout the fiscal year, and the actual expenditures prepared on a budgetary basis. The Town did not amend its budget during the fiscal year.

The budget was prepared based on assumptions regarding the continuing decline of the national and regional economy. Although the economy seems to show small signs of stabilizing, the Town still follows a conservative approach to budgeting. When the Town went into this decline a few years ago, there were very few reserves available as a cushion. Over the past few years, the amount of reserves have shown some improvement, but are still at a level far below the requirements of the Town.

General Fund revenues of \$13.7 million were less than budgeted revenues of \$16.2 million by \$2.5 million while expenditures of \$13.2 million were 84% of budgeted expenditures (savings of \$2.5 million). Revenues were less than budgeted revenues primarily due to economic downturns. The expenditure savings were derived largely from unspent contingencies, and vacancies savings.

The Town did not amend the budget during the fiscal year.

Capital Assets

The Town's capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2013 totaled \$107.8 million (net of accumulated depreciation), a decrease from the prior year of \$1.4 million. Business-type activities capital assets amounted to \$25.1 million (net of accumulated depreciation), a net increase from the prior year of \$2.5 million. Governmental fund financial statements record capital asset purchases as expenditures. See Note 3.A.4. in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for further information regarding capital assets.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Governmental Activities – The most significant change in capital assets in the Governmental Activities was \$1.7 million in current year depreciation expense and \$1.7 million in additions to buildings upon the completion of the fire station. Of the \$1.7 million increase to buildings, only \$46,960 was new expenditures for the fiscal year. The Town also purchased \$203,242 in weather system upgrades at the Airport facility. The changes in vehicles, machinery and equipment were not significant during the current year.

Business-Type Activities – The most significant change in capital assets in the Business Type Activities was \$1.0 million in current year depreciation expense and \$3.1 million in construction in progress additions for the continued construction on the CC Cragin Pipeline. The Town also reported \$0.3 million in additions to water rights.

The following table provides a breakdown of the capital assets of the Town at June 30, 2013 and 2012.

Capital Assets (net) June 30, 2013 and 2012

Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012		
\$ 12,238,995	\$ 12,238,995	\$ 1,577,957	\$ 1,577,957	\$ 13,816,952	\$ 13,816,952		
-	1,689,366	10,132,051	7,077,220	10,132,051	8,766,586		
-	-	4,106,496	3,822,346	4,106,496	3,822,346		
83,961,905	84,601,017	-	-	83,961,905	84,601,017		
7,083,842	5,402,038	330,911	201,045	7,414,753	5,603,083		
1,834,344	2,103,261	8,687,531	9,616,644	10,521,875	11,719,905		
2,643,091	3,117,384	215,390	239,473	2,858,481	3,356,857		
\$ 107,762,177	\$ 109,152,061	\$ 25,050,336	\$ 22,534,685	\$ 132,812,513	\$ 131,686,746		
	2013 \$ 12,238,995 	\$ 12,238,995	2013 2012 2013 \$ 12,238,995 \$ 12,238,995 \$ 1,577,957 - 1,689,366 10,132,051 - 4,106,496 83,961,905 84,601,017 - 7,083,842 5,402,038 330,911 1,834,344 2,103,261 8,687,531 2,643,091 3,117,384 215,390	2013 2012 2013 2012 \$ 12,238,995 \$ 12,238,995 \$ 1,577,957 \$ 1,577,957 - 1,689,366 10,132,051 7,077,220 - 4,106,496 3,822,346 83,961,905 84,601,017 - 7,083,842 5,402,038 330,911 201,045 1,834,344 2,103,261 8,687,531 9,616,644 2,643,091 3,117,384 215,390 239,473	2013 2012 2013 2012 2013 \$ 12,238,995 \$ 12,238,995 \$ 1,577,957 \$ 13,816,952 - 1,689,366 10,132,051 7,077,220 10,132,051 - 4,106,496 3,822,346 4,106,496 83,961,905 84,601,017 - 83,961,905 7,083,842 5,402,038 330,911 201,045 7,414,753 1,834,344 2,103,261 8,687,531 9,616,644 10,521,875 2,643,091 3,117,384 215,390 239,473 2,858,481		

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had total long-term obligations outstanding of \$18.1 million. Of the outstanding debt, \$2.0 million (including \$49,952 premium on the bonds) is general obligation bonds and \$6.3 million are notes payable backed by the full faith and credit of the Town. An additional \$0.6 million of special assessment bonds are backed by a guaranteed investment contract with the developer of the special assessment Town property. All other outstanding debt is secured by pledges of specific revenue sources in the Town, including revenue bonds of \$0.6 million.

The State imposes certain debt limitations on the Town of six percent (6%) and twenty percent (20%) of the outstanding secondary net assessed valuation of the Town. The Town's available debt margin at June 30, 2013 is \$8.7 million in the 6% capacity and \$35.7 million in the 20% capacity. Additional information on the debt limitations and capacities may be found in the statistical section of this report (pages 91 - 93).

The following schedule shows the outstanding debt of the Town (both current and long-term) as of June 30, 2013 and 2012. Further detail on the Town's outstanding debt may be found in Notes 3.C., 3.D. and 3.E. on pages 46 - 51.

Outstanding Debt June 30, 2013 and 2012

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 2,044,952	\$ 2,474,325	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,044,952	\$ 2,474,325		
Special Assessment Bonds	585,000	635,000	-	-	585,000	635,000		
Revenue Bonds	575,000	675,000	-	-	575,000	675,000		
Certificates of Participation	-	45,000	-	-	-	45,000		
Notes Payable	-	-	6,282,229	2,827,053	6,282,229	2,827,053		
Capital Leases	520,198	794,200	-	-	520,198	794,200		
Compensated Absences	1,212,985	1,193,250	218,311	233,654	1,431,296	1,426,904		
Other Postemployment Benefits	5,894,520	4,831,346	722,200	589,730	6,616,720	5,421,076		
Total Outstanding Debt	\$ 10,832,655	\$ 10,648,121	\$ 7,222,740	\$ 3,650,437	\$ 18,055,395	\$ 14,298,558		

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Town, as well as all other Arizona cities, remains dependent on state shared revenues (18%) and local sales taxes for resources (38%). These revenue sources are sensitive to economic downturns and legislative appropriations. While the local economy seems to be stabilizing slightly, the Town continues to spend conservatively and cautiously.

The Fiscal Year 2013-2014 budget preparation was influenced by the following factors:

- Reductions in every major operating fund due to revenue declines, or little growth in Town sales taxes, state shared tax revenues, highway user (gas tax) revenues, and building revenues.
- Consideration of correspondingly reduced service levels in every department as a result of reductions in personnel.
- Consideration of the impact of the continued local market downturn and the safeguards needed to deal with additional projected deadlines.
- The pursuit of federal grant dollars to enhance the local economy.
- The realignment of core services within reduced budget parameters that maintain Council goals.
- Assessment and funding of long range capital needs and their associated operational impacts.
- Continued construction of the C.C. Cragin pipeline.

Financial Contact

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the use of public funds. Questions about any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Town of Payson Financial Services Department 303 North Beeline Highway Payson, AZ 85541

Or visit our website at:

http://www.paysonaz.gov





TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

Receivables, Net 61,874 562,531 624,405 Intergovernmental Receivables 880,085 - 880,085		Primary Government						
Cash and Investments \$ 1,483,538 7,210,108 \$ 8,693,640 Receivables, Net 61,874 562,531 624,405 Intergovernmental Receivables 880,085 - 880,085					• •		Total	
Receivables, Net 61,874 562,531 624,405 Intergovernmental Receivables 880,085 - 880,085	ASSETS							
Accounts Receivable 61,874 562,531 624,405 Intergovernmental Receivables 880,085 - 880,085	Cash and Investments	\$	1,483,538	\$	7,210,108	\$	8,693,646	
Intergovernmental Receivables 880,085 - 880,085	Receivables, Net							
	Accounts Receivable		61,874		562,531		624,405	
Property Taxes Receivable 9.741 - 9.741	Intergovernmental Receivables		880,085		-		880,085	
1 1000113 14100 11000114010	Property Taxes Receivable		9,741		-		9,741	
Special Assessments Receivable 659,439 - 659,439	Special Assessments Receivable		659,439		-		659,439	
Notes Receivable - 127,913 127,913	Notes Receivable		-		127,913		127,913	
Prepaid Items 7,692 - 7,692	Prepaid Items		7,692		-		7,692	
Restricted Cash and Investments 525,403 972,017 1,497,420	Restricted Cash and Investments		525,403		972,017		1,497,420	
Other Assets - 42,607 42,607	Other Assets		-		42,607		42,607	
Capital Assets	Capital Assets							
Non-Depreciable 12,238,995 15,816,504 28,055,499	Non-Depreciable		12,238,995		15,816,504		28,055,499	
·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		95,523,182				104,757,014	
	• • • •		111,389,949				145,355,461	
LIABILITIES	LIABILITIES							
			253,424		124.847		378,271	
·	•				,		305,263	
-							91,702	
·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						532,051	
Noncurrent Liabilities			,		020,.00		, , , , ,	
Due Within One Year 1,458,258 597,607 2,055,865	Due Within One Year		1.458.258		597.607		2,055,865	
							15,999,530	
						_	19,362,682	
NET POSITION	NFT POSITION							
			104.037.027		18 768 107		122,805,134	
Restricted for	·		, ,		10,100,101		,000,.0.	
			317 820		_		317,820	
,					_		86,248	
	•				_		143,670	
	•				409 940		1,642,339	
					,		350,377	
	·						647,191	
		\$		\$		\$	125,992,779	

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net (Expense) Revenue and Program Revenues Changes in Net Position Fees, Fines and Operating Capital Charges for Grants and Grants and Business-Type Governmental Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Expenses Total Functions/Programs Governmental Activities General Government 4,075,873 1,046,540 24,729 \$ 191,820 (2,812,784)(2,812,784)Public Safety 318,429 1,551,117 40,724 (7.066,855)8,977,125 (7.066,855)2,479,031 1,358,524 10,579 (1,109,928)(1,109,928)Highways and Streets Culture and Recreation 1.252.833 63,198 (1,177,970)(1,177,970)11.665 Public Works 195,693 107,266 (88,427)(88,427)982,040 158,449 53,123 (770,468)(770,468)Community Development Health and Welfare 264.900 18,192 (246,708)(246,708)147,677 (147,677)Interest on Long-Term Debt (147,677)Total Governmental Activities 1,712,074 2,946,035 18,375,172 296,246 (13,420,817) (13,420,817)**Business-Type Activities** \$ 322,226 4,247,375 4,569,601 322,226 Water (13,420,817)322,226 (13,098,591)2,946,035 \$ Totals 22,622,547 6,281,675 296,246 General Revenues: Taxes Sales Taxes 6.047.114 6,047,114 858.817 858,817 Property Taxes Franchise Taxes 356.550 356.550 Special Assessments 23,262 23,262 State Sales Tax Revenue Sharing - Unrestricted 2,815,379 2,815,379 Auto Lieu Tax Revenue Sharing - Unrestricted 832,631 832,631 9,324 388 9,712 Investment Earnings **Transfers** (17,300)17,300 Total General Revenues and Transfers 10,916,841 26,624 10,943,465 Change in Net Position (2,503,976)348,850 (2,155,126)102,507,845 25,640,060 128,147,905 Net Position - Beginning \$ \$ Net Position - Ending \$ 100,003,869 25,988,910 125,992,779

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

		General	De	ebt Service	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	658,301	\$	587,703	\$	212,723	\$	1,458,727
Restricted Cash and Investments		-		-		525,403		525,403
Receivables, Net		0.744						0.744
Taxes Receivable		9,741		-		-		9,741
Accounts Receivable		56,619		-		156		56,775
Intergovernmental Receivable		713,183		-		166,902		880,085
Special Assessments Receivable		7 000		659,439		-		659,439
Prepaid Items	_	7,692	_	-	_	-	_	7,692
Total Assets	\$	1,445,536	\$	1,247,142	\$	905,184	\$	3,597,862
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	209,029	\$	-	\$	43,927	\$	252,956
Accrued Wages and Benefits		247,072		-		26,293		273,365
Interest Payable		-		14,743		-		14,743
Customer Deposits Payable		11,893		-		-		11,893
Total Liabilities		467,994		14,743		70,220		552,957
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenues		12,581		659,439		_		672,020
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable for Prepaids		7,692		_		_		7,692
Restricted		317,820		572,960		538,376		1,429,156
Assigned:		317,020		372,300		330,370		1,429,100
Public Safety		57,053		_		_		57,053
Culture and Recreation		101,635		_		_		101,635
Capital Outlay		-		_		296,588		296,588
Unassigned		480,761		_		-		480,761
Total Fund Balances		964,961		572,960		834,964		2,372,885
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		,		,		,		_,,-
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	1,445,536	\$	1,247,142	\$	905,184	\$	3,597,862

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds

\$ 2,372,885

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

Governmental Capital Assets	140,687,954
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(32,925,777)
Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities	107,762,177

Some revenues are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.

Property Taxes	12,581
Special Assessment Revenue	659,439

Long term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

General Obligation Bonds	(1,995,000)
Special Assessment Bonds	(585,000)
Revenue Bonds	(575,000)
Deferred Amount on Premium	(49,952)
Capital Leases	(520,198)
Compensated Absences	(1,212,985)
Other Postemployment Benefits	(5,894,520)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.

29,442

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 100,003,869

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	General	De	bt Service	lonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes						
Sales Taxes	\$ 5,719,536	\$	327,578	\$ -	\$	6,047,114
Property Taxes	616,931		-	229,305		846,236
Franchise Taxes	356,550		-	-		356,550
Intergovernmental	5,398,671		-	1,452,371		6,851,042
Fines and Forfeitures	150,669		-	14,541		165,210
Licenses and Permits	247,821		-	-		247,821
Charges for Services	704,572		-	-		704,572
Contributions and Donations	38,118		-	1,131		39,249
Development Impact Fees	-		-	65,275		65,275
Special Assessments	-		57,930	-		57,930
Investment Earnings	388		-	-		388
Other	 496,031			 33,165		529,196
Total Revenues	 13,729,287		385,508	1,795,788		15,910,583
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General Government	3,204,129		-	-		3,204,129
Public Safety	7,973,221		-	-		7,973,221
Highways and Streets	406,447		-	1,458,856		1,865,303
Culture and Recreation	433,184		-	323,859		757,043
Community Development	914,020		-	-		914,020
Health and Welfare	261,394		-	-		261,394
Debt Service						
Principal Retirement	41,819		847,183	-		889,002
Interest on Long-Term Debt	5,673		151,377	-		157,050
Capital Outlay	-		-	261,410		261,410
Total Expenditures	13,239,887		998,560	2,044,125		16,282,572
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	489,400		(613,052)	(248,337)		(371,989)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	-		474,752	87,476		562,228
Transfers Out	(425,189)		-	(154,339)		(579,528)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(425,189)		474,752	(66,863)		(17,300)
Net Change in Fund Balances	64,211		(138,300)	(315,200)		(389,289)
FUND BALANCES						
Beginning of Year	 900,750		711,260	1,150,164		2,762,174
End of Year	\$ 964,961	\$	572,960	\$ 834,964	\$	2,372,885

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net Change in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

\$ (389,289)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Expenditures for Capital Assets	322,793
Less Current Year Depreciation	(1,712,677)
Excess Depreciation Over Capital Expenditures	(1,389,884)

Some revenues reported in the governmental funds that did not provide current financial resources in prior years have been recognized previously in the statement of activities and therefore are not reported as revenues in the statement of activities.

Property Taxes	12,581
Special Assessments	(34,668)

The issuance of long term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The issuance of long-term debt increases long-term liabilities on the statement of net position and the repayment of principal on long-term debt reduces long-term debt on the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when the debt is first issued, whereas these items are deferred and amortized over the term of the long term debt in the statement of activities.

Principal Payments on Long-Term Bonds	615,000
Principal Payments on Capital Leases	274,002
Amortization of Issuance Costs	(94,614)
Amortization of Deferred Amount on Bond Premium	9,373

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Net Change in Compensated Absences	(19,735)
Net Change in Other Postemployment Benefits	(1,063,174)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenues of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.

\$ (2,503,976)

(423,568)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 6,905,700	\$ 6,693,017	\$ (212,683)
Intergovernmental	7,484,900	5,398,671	(2,086,229)
Fines and Forfeitures	164,500	150,669	(13,831)
Licenses and Permits	97,700	247,821	150,121
Charges for Services	887,700	704,572	(183,128)
Contributions and Donations	37,800	38,118	318
Investment Earnings	2,000	388	(1,612)
Other	607,300	496,031	(111,269)
Total Revenues	16,187,600	13,729,287	(2,458,313)
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General Government			
General Government Administration	785,700	783,967	1,733
Town Clerk	256,100	245,135	10,965
Elections	38,200	-	38,200
Town Manager	198,100	192,398	5,702
Town Council	118,300	98,766	19,534
Human Resources	180,300	152,976	27,324
Computer Information Services	532,500	498,080	34,420
Financial Services	331,800	319,598	12,202
Courts	219,000	193,151	25,849
Airport	717,400	389,324	328,076
Attorney	348,900	330,734	18,166
Total General Government	3,726,300	3,204,129	522,171
Public Safety			
Police Department	6,276,900	4,953,716	1,323,184
Fire Department	3,635,500	3,019,505	615,995
Total Public Safety	9,912,400	7,973,221	1,939,179
Highways and Streets			
Streets	410,500	406,447	4,053
Culture and Recreation			
Park Operations	65,500	71,835	(6,335)
Recreation	383,000	311,687	71,313
Aquatics	45,300	46,562	(1,262)
Trails	11,600	3,100	8,500
Total Culture and Recreation	505,400	433,184	72,216
			(Continued)

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Original and Final Budget			Actual		riance with nal Budget
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)						
Current (Continued)						
Community Development	•					(1.5.5)
Planning and Zoning	\$	303,300	\$	303,495	\$	(195)
Building Inspections		417,800		415,595		2,205
Tourism - Economic Vitality		199,400		194,930		4,470
Total Community Development		920,500		914,020		6,480
Health and Welfare						
Health and Welfare		116,400		116,400		-
Animal Control		149,900		144,994		4,906
Total Health and Welfare		266,300		261,394		4,906
Debt Service						
Principal Retirement		-		41,819		(41,819)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		_		5,673		(5,673)
Total Expenditures	1	5,741,400		13,239,887		2,501,513
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-			-,,		, ,
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures		446,200		489,400		43,200
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		105,249		_		(105,249)
Transfers Out		(442,000)		(425,189)		16,811
Transfer Gut	-	(::=,000)		(.20, .00)		. 0,0
Net Change in Fund Balance		109,449		64,211		(45,238)
FUND BALANCE						
				900,750		900,750
Beginning of Year	Φ.	100 110	Φ.		Ф.	
End of Year	\$	109,449	\$	964,961	\$	855,512

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities Internal
	Water Fund	Service Funds
ASSETS		_
Current Assets		
Cash and Investments	\$ 7,210,108	3 \$ 24,811
Receivables, Net		
Accounts Receivable	562,531	
Notes Receivable	127,913	
Restricted Cash and Investments	972,017	
Total Current Assets	8,872,569	29,910
Noncurrent Assets		
Other Assets	42,607	-
Capital Assets		
Non-Depreciable	15,816,504	
Depreciable (net)	9,233,832	-
Total Noncurrent Assets	25,092,943	-
Total Assets	33,965,512	29,910
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	124,847	468
Accrued Wages and Benefits	31,898	
Interest Payable	76,959	
Customer Deposits Payable	520,158	
Compensated Absences	149,008	
Notes Payable	448,599	
Total Current Liabilities	1,351,469	468
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Compensated Absences	69,303	
Other Postemployment Benefits	722,200	-
Notes Payable	5,833,630	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	6,625,133	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities	7,976,602	468
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	18,768,107	-
Restricted for		
Debt Service	409,940	-
Capital Outlay	41,919	-
Unrestricted	6,768,944	
Total Net Position	\$ 25,988,910	

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities Internal		
	W . E .			
	Water Fund	Service Funds		
Operating Revenues	4 4 600 4 7 0	•		
Charges for Services	\$ 4,389,473	\$ -		
Contributions		1,925,595		
Total Operating Revenues	4,389,473	1,925,595		
Operating Expenses				
Cost of Sales and Services	3,203,236	2,349,163		
Depreciation	1,038,597	-		
Total Operating Expenses	4,241,833	2,349,163		
Operating Income/(Loss)	147,640	(423,568)		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Development Impact Fees	90,731	-		
Investment Earnings	9,324	-		
Interest Expense	(5,542)	-		
Miscellaneous Nonoperating Revenues	89,397	-		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	183,910	-		
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Transfers	331,550	(423,568)		
Transfers In	17,300			
Change in Net Position	348,850	(423,568)		
Net Position				
Beginning of Year	25,640,060	453,010		
End of Year	\$ 25,988,910	\$ 29,442		

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	,	isiness-type Activities - erprise Funds		vernmental Activities
		Water	Se	Internal rvice Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Receipts from Customers	\$	4,364,262	\$	1,932,634
Payments to Suppliers		(1,744,849)		(2,555,724)
Payments to Employees		(1,342,674)		-
Other Receipts		95,337		-
Customer Deposits Payable		17,180		(000,000)
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities		1,389,256		(623,090)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Intergovernmental Revenues				
Transfers In		17,300		-
Development impact Fees		90,731		_
Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		108,031		-
Cook Flours from Conital and Financing Activities				
Cash Flows from Capital and Financing Activities Purchases of Capital Assets		(3,424,214)		
Principal Paid on Capital Debt		(3,424,214)		-
Interest Paid on Capital Debt		(86,913)		_
Issuance of Long-Term Debt		3,767,689		_
Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		(55,951)		-
Cook Flows from Investing Activities				
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Investment Earnings		9,324		_
mvootmont zamingo		0,02 :		
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,450,660		(623,090)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		6,731,465		647,901
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	8,182,125	\$	24,811
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the statement of net position				
Cash and Investments	\$	7,210,108	\$	24,811
Restricted Cash and Investments		972,017		-
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	8,182,125	\$	24,811
				(Continued)

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds		Governmental Activities	
				Internal
		Water	Se	rvice Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities				
Operating Income/(Loss)	\$	147,640	\$	(423,568)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided				
by				
Operating Activities:				
Depreciation		1,038,597		-
Nonoperating Receipts		89,397		-
Change in Assets/Liabilities:				
Receivables		(14,203)		7,039
Other Assets		5,940		-
Accounts Payable		26,396		(206,561)
Accrued Wages and Benefits		(27,810)		-
Unearned Revenue		(11,008)		-
Compensated Absences		(15,343)		-
Other Postemployment Benefits		132,470		-
Customer Deposits Payable		17,180		-
Net Cash Provided for Operating Activities	\$	1,389,256	\$	(623,090)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Town of Payson, Arizona (Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of the Town's more significant accounting policies follows.

During the year ended June 30, 2013, the Town adopted GASB Statements No. 60, 61, 62, 63, and 65. GASB Statement No. 60, Accounting and Financial Reporting of Service Concession Arrangements, provides guidance on reporting service concession arrangements. GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 34, relates to the reporting of component units. GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, relates to the codification of prior GASB statements. GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

A. Reporting Entity

The Town is a municipal government that is governed by a separately elected governing body. It is legally separate from and fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Furthermore, there are no component units combined with the Town for financial statement presentation purposes, and it is not included in any other governmental reporting entity. Consequently, the Town's financial statements present only the funds of those entities for which its elected governing board is financially accountable.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. *Governmental activities*, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting, except expenditures related to compensated absences, debt service expenditures and claims and judgments, which are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental grants and aid, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the interest, principal and fees incurred due to general obligation and special assessment debt of the Town except those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

The Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

The *Water Fund* accounts for the operations of the Town's drinking water treatment and distribution system. The intent of the Town is that all or most of the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing these services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund type:

The *Internal Service Fund* consists of the Insurance Fund. It accounts for the Town's self-insurance program for employee health and medical benefits.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise fund are charges to customers for water services. The principal operating revenues of the Town's internal service fund are Town departmental contributions and charges to employees for health benefits. Operating expenses for the Internal Service Fund include the cost of administrative expenses and health insurance premiums. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, for governmental activities and business-type activities, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash and investments held by the State Treasurer, and highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Cash and investments are pooled except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents or restricted under provisions of bond indentures. Interest earned from investments purchased with such pooled monies is allocated to each of the funds based on the average daily cash balances. State statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, certificates of deposit in eligible depositories, repurchase agreements, obligations of the State of Arizona or any of its counties or incorporated cities, towns or duly organized school districts, improvement districts in this state and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool. Investments are stated at fair value.

2. Receivables

All trade and property taxes receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Gila County levies real property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May. However, a lien against real and personal property assessed attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy thereof.

3. Notes Receivable

Notes receivable consist of \$127,913 due to the Town of Payson from Chilton LLC. The note matured July 1, 2011; however, the note has an extension clause to extend the note for three additional years. The note begins accruing interest at 3% per annum on the maturity date.

4. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

5. Restricted Cash and Investments

Certain proceeds of the Town's bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Customer deposits in the Enterprise Fund are recorded as restricted assets because their use is limited.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, vehicles, furniture, machinery, equipment, construction in progress, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the governmental and business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Capital assets, purchased or acquired, are carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are recorded at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	30 years
Improvements other than buildings	10-35 years
Infrastructure	35-50 years
Vehicles, furniture, machinery and equipment	5-15 years

Interest incurred for any outstanding debt in the proprietary funds are capitalized (if material), net of any interest earned on unspent debt, during the construction phase of Town projects.

7. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements consist of unpaid, accumulated leave balances. The Town switched to a Paid Time Off (PTO) program at the beginning of the 2011 fiscal year. The liability has been calculated based on the Town's compensated absence policy, in which employees will be paid at their full rate for the first 240 hours of PTO. All PTO hours between 241 and 816 will be paid out at half rate. For Firefighters, the first 360 hours of PTO will be paid at full rate and the PTO hours between 361 and 1166.4 will be paid out at half rate. Governmental funds report a liability for compensated absences for those employees who have unused leave outstanding at the end of the year following an employee's resignation or termination. The Town did not report any liability for compensated absences in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund statements of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets is separately reported because capital assets make up a significant portion of total net position. Restricted net position accounts for the portion of net position restricted by parties outside the Town. Unrestricted net position are the remaining net position not included in the previous two categories.

10. Fund Balance Classifications

Fund balances of the governmental funds are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances.

The *nonspendable* fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either a) not in a spendable form or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Fund balance is reported as *restricted* when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

10. Fund Balance Classifications (Continued)

The Town reported restricted fund balances in the General Fund (\$317,820 restricted for federal and state grants), the Debt Service Fund (\$572,960 restricted to pay debt service on outstanding debt), and the Nonmajor Governmental Funds (\$538,376 restricted for highway and street activity, capital projects relating to the water trust agreement, and judicial enhancement).

Committed fund balances are resources pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority. These resources cannot be used for any other purpose unless the same authority takes formal action to change the use. The highest level of decision making authority for the Town of Payson is the Town Council. Formal action to modify or rescind a fund balance commitment would be done by Ordinance, Resolution or Council Decision Request, as required. Fund balances must be committed prior to the end of the fiscal year.

The assigned fund balance amounts are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purpose. Intent must be expressed by a) the governing body itself or b) a committee or official which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used as for a specific purpose. Per Financial Policy 101, section 1.5, adopted by the Town Council, the Finance Manager, after consultation with the Town Manager, has the authority to assign fund balance for a specific purpose.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This is the balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

It is the policy of the Town to expend fund balance in the following order:

- 1) Restricted per external requirements
- 2) Committed per Town Council requirements
- 3) Assigned
- 4) Unassigned

Any expenditure that could fall within multiple fund balance classifications will follow the order above.

It is the policy of the Town to maintain a fund reserve, if possible, for the general fund to pay expenditures caused by unforeseen emergencies, for shortfalls caused by revenue declines and to eliminate any short-term borrowing for cash flow purposes. This reserve shall be maintained at an amount that represents 5% of total General Fund operating budgeted revenues. Annual contribution will be budgeted from General Fund resources as available to maintain the target reserve level. This is in addition to the carryover balance discussed below.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

10. Fund Balance Classifications (Continued)

The Town's General Fund will maintain a year-to-year "carryover balance", if possible, in an amount necessary to maintain adequate cash flow and to reduce the demand for short-term borrowing. The carryover balance will equal 90 days operating expenditures from the prior year.

All other funds would report a negative unassigned fund balance if the fund fell into a deficit.

Reserve funds in the Water utility operating fund should equal 5% of prior year total operating expenses and have a carry-over balance equal to 90 days prior year operating expenses.

The Town has established an equipment reserve fund and when fiscal resources permit, appropriates funds to it annually to provide for the timely replacement of equipment.

All expenditures drawn from reserve accounts shall require prior Town Council approval unless previously specifically authorized by the Town Council for expenditure in the annual budget.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The Town Council follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- In accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes, the Town Manager submits a
 proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1 to the Town
 Council. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of
 financing them for the upcoming year.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comment.
- 3. Prior to the third Monday in August, the expenditure limitation for the Town is legally enacted through a passage of an ordinance. To ensure compliance with the expenditure limitation, a uniform expenditure report must be filed with the State each year. This report, issued under a separate cover, reconciles total Town expenditures from the basic financial statements to total expenditures for reporting in accordance with the State's uniform expenditure reporting system (A.R.S. §41-1279.07).

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

A. Budgetary Information (Continued)

- 4. By Arizona Constitution, expenditures may not legally exceed the expenditure limitation described below of all fund types as a whole. For management purposes, the Town adopts a budget by department for the General Fund and in total by fund for other funds. The Town Manager, subject to Town Council approval, may at any time transfer any unencumbered appropriation balance or portion thereof between departments. The adopted budget cannot be amended in any way without Town Council approval.
- 5. Legal budgets are adopted in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds on essentially the same modified accrual basis of accounting used to record actual revenues and expenditures.

The Town is subject to the State of Arizona's Spending Limitation Law for Towns and Cities. This law does not permit the Town to spend more than budgeted revenues plus the carryover unrestricted cash balance from the prior fiscal year. The limitation is applied to the total of the combined funds. The Town complied with this law during the year.

No supplementary budgetary appropriations were necessary during the year.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds/departments:

	 nount of expenditure
General Fund	
Park Operations	\$ 6,335
Aquatics	1,262
Planning and zoning	195
Principal	41,819
Interest	5,673

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments at June 30, 2013 consist of the following:

Deposits	
Cash on hand	\$ 1,685
Cash in bank	834,141
Investments	
State Treasurer's Investment Pool	8,829,837
Cash on deposit with trustee	525,403
Total Deposits and Investments	10,191,066
Less: Restricted cash and investments	(1,497,420)
Total cash and investments, statement of	
net position	\$ 8,693,646

Deposits - The Town had a carrying value of \$834,141 for cash on deposit with a local financial institution and a bank balance of \$1,556,818 at June 30, 2013. Of the bank balance, \$334,048 was insured by federal depository insurance, and \$1,151,822 was secured by pledged collateral. The remaining 70,948 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments - The State Board of Deposit provides oversight for the State Treasurer's pools, and the Local Government Investment Pool Advisory Committee provides consultation and advice to the Treasurer. The fair value of a participant's position in the pool approximates the value of that participant's pool shares. The shares are not identified with specific investments and are not subject to custodial credit risk. Cash on deposit with trustee are held in trust for the Town under a Trust Agreement with Bank of New York. The funds held in trust are invested in money market funds, are valued at fair value, and are invested in U.S. Government Securities and U.S. Treasury Money Market Fund. The funds are not subject to credit risk or interest rate risk.

Interest rate risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the Town manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the average maturity of investments to less than one year. Average maturity of the Town's investments are as follows:

	Maturity							
		_ess Than						
Investment		1 Year	1-3 \	Years	> 3 \	Years		Total
U.S. Treasury Money Market	\$	525,403	\$	-	\$	-	\$	525,403
State Treasurer's Investment Pool		8,829,837		-		-		8,829,837
	\$	9,355,240	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,355,240

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Assets (Continued)

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Credit risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issue or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The Town does not have a formal policy with respect to credit risk. The Town's investment in U.S. Government Securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the federal government, the U.S. Treasury Money Market Fund and the Goldman Sachs Government Securities received a rating of Aaa from Moody's, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool 7 received a rating of AA+.

Custodial credit risk. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town's investment policy requires the Town to invest in obligations secured by the federal government; and, therefore is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of credit risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The Town does not have a formal policy in regards to concentration of credit risk.

2. Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted assets at June 30, 2013 consisted of the following:

	 Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
Central Arizona Project Trust	\$ 525,403	\$	-	\$	525,403
Current debt service	-		409,940		409,940
Replacement and extension	-		41,919		41,919
Customer deposits	-		520,158		520,158
Total	\$ 525,403	\$	972,017	\$	1,497,420

3. Receivables and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u>Ur</u>	Unavailable		
Property Tax Receivable General Fund	\$	12.581		
Special Assessments Receivable	Ψ	12,501		
Debt Service Fund		659,439		
Total	\$	672,020		

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	
	Balance	Increases Decreases		Balance	
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 12,238,995	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,238,995	
Construction in Progress	1,689,366	46,960	(1,736,326)		
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	13,928,361	46,960	(1,736,326)	12,238,995	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Infrastructure	100,747,390	-	-	100,747,390	
Buildings	8,728,618	1,939,756	-	10,668,374	
Improvements Other Than Buildings	7,270,233	10,161	-	7,280,394	
Vehicles, Machinery and Equipment	9,716,646	62,242	(26,087)	9,752,801	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	126,462,887	2,012,159	(26,087)	128,448,959	
Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	(16,146,373)	(639,112)	-	(16,785,485)	
Buildings	(3,326,580)	(257,952)	-	(3,584,532)	
Improvements Other Than Buildings	(5,166,972)	(279,078)	-	(5,446,050)	
Vehicles, Machinery and Equipment	(6,599,262)	(536,535)	26,087	(7,109,710)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(31,239,187)	(1,712,677)	26,087	(32,925,777)	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	95,223,700	299,482		95,523,182	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 109,152,061	\$ 346,442	\$ (1,736,326)	\$ 107,762,177	

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	5 5		Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,577,957	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,577,957
Water Rights	3,822,346	284,150	-	4,106,496
Construction in Progress	7,077,220	3,054,831	-	10,132,051
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	12,477,523	3,338,981	-	15,816,504
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	600,906	149,808	-	750,714
Improvements Other Than Buildings	24,419,039	26,775	-	24,445,814
Vehicles, Machinery and Equipment	1,625,496	38,684	-	1,664,180
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	26,645,441	215,267	-	26,860,708
Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	(399,861)	(19,942)	-	(419,803)
Improvements Other Than Buildings	(14,802,395)	(955,888)	-	(15,758,283)
Vehicles, Machinery and Equipment	(1,386,023)	(62,767)	-	(1,448,790)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(16,588,279)	(1,038,597)		(17,626,876)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	10,057,162	(823,330)		9,233,832
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 22,534,685	\$ 2,515,651	\$ -	\$ 25,050,336

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities: General Government \$ 72,302 **Public Safety** 546,200 Highways and Streets 602,165 Culture and Recreation 475,188 Community Development 16,822 **Total Depreciation Expense** 1,712,677 **Business-Type Activities:** Water 1,038,597

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2013 consisted of the following:

	Transfer In							
Transfer Out	De	ebt Service Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Water Fund		Total	
General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	320,413 154,339	\$	87,476 -	\$	17,300 -	\$	425,189 154,339
Total	\$	474,752	\$	87,476	\$	17,300	\$	579,528

Transfers were largely recorded to fund debt service requirements, primarily from the General Fund. The transfer from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund was recorded to fund annual debt service requirements on outstanding excise tax revenue bonds and Town owned property within special assessment districts. The transfer from the General Fund to the Nonmajor Governmental Funds was to record the annual subsidy to the Library Fund and transfer funds for capital acquisitions. The transfer from the General Fund to the Water Fund was recorded to pay interest on prior borrowing between the funds. The transfer from the Nonmajor Governmental Funds to the Debt Service Fund was recorded for the annual transfer of impact fees for debt service payments.

C. Obligations Under Leases

Capital Leases

The Town has entered into lease agreements as a lessee for financing the acquisition of maintenance and public safety vehicles and equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and therefore, have been recorded at the net present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. Revenues from the General and Highway Users Revenue Funds are used to pay the capital lease obligations. Accordingly, the principal amount of the assets are capitalized in the government-wide statement of net position.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities		
Assets: Vehicles, machinery and equipment Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ 830,384 (476,300)		
Total	\$ 354,084		

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Obligations Under Leases (Continued)

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2013, were as follows:

	Governmental Activities		
Year ending June 30,			
2014	\$	192,574	
2015		192,577	
2016		105,750	
2017		52,874	
Total minimum lease payments		543,775	
Less: a mount representing interest		(23,577)	
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	520,198	

D. Notes Payable

The Town has entered into a note payable for the purchase of real property (Little Note Payable) and a Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona (WIFA) loan for improvements to the water system. The Water Enterprise Fund de-obligated \$2,407,191 of the original Water Infrastructure Financing Authority (WIFA) loan of \$6,585,000, leaving a balance due of \$4,177,809. Additionally, the Town entered into a \$6,250,000 loan agreement with WIFA. The loan will be used to fund Phase II of the CC Cragin Reservoir Project. The loan will be drawn upon as funds are expended with semi-annual interest and annual principal payments due at 2.80% through fiscal year 2033.

Description	Interest Rate	Maturity	Outstanding Principal ity June 30, 2013		nount Due ithin One Year
Business-type Activities: Little Note Payable Water Infrastructure Authority	3.357% 2.891%	7/1/12-15 7/1/12-29	\$	111,211 6,171,018 6,282,229	\$ 52,227 396,372 448,599

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

D. Notes Payable (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on the note payable at June 30, 2013 are summarized as follows:

Business-type Activities						
Principal Interest						
	_		_			
\$	459,113	\$	181,902			
	472,782		168,011			
	434,922		154,560			
	442,500		142,105			
	455,051		129,312			
	2,476,352		441,603			
	1,541,509		86,575			
\$	6,282,229	\$	1,304,068			
		Principal \$ 459,113 472,782 434,922 442,500 455,051 2,476,352 1,541,509	Principal \$ 459,113 \$ 472,782 434,922 442,500 455,051 2,476,352 1,541,509			

E. Long-Term Obligations

The Town has long-term bonds and special assessments payable issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. The bonds are both callable and noncallable with the interest payable semiannually. General obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the Town. The refunding bonds are funded by property taxes in the Debt Service Fund and the Series 2004 is funded by the .12% sales tax. Special assessments imposed on certain parcels of land within the assessment district are used to pay the East Loop Road Improvement District and Westerly Drive Improvement District bonds. The excise tax revenue obligation bonds will be repaid from excise tax revenues of the Town. The certificates of participation will be repaid from park development fees and is guaranteed by a land ground lease. Compensated absences are paid by the applicable fund where each employee is regularly paid, primarily the General Fund.

The Town has pledged secondary property taxes to be levied on all of the taxable property located within the boundaries of the Town to repay \$1.1 million in governmental general obligation refunding bonds issued in 2006. Proceeds of the bonds were used to refund and refinance the outstanding General Obligation Permanent Bond, Series 1996 previously issued by the Town to construct a retention basin for treated sewage known as Green Valley Park. The bonds are payable solely from secondary property taxes and are payable through 2012. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require more than 100 percent of net revenues. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total secondary property taxes were \$204,125 and \$-0-, respectively. This bond was paid off in the current year.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

The Town has pledged special sales taxes to repay \$2.0 million in governmental general obligation refunding bonds issued in 2004. Proceeds of the bonds provided financing for various public safety improvements. The bonds are payable solely from special sales taxes and are payable through 2014. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require approximately 75% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$487,165. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total special sales taxes were \$236,810 and \$327,578, respectively.

The Town has pledged special sales taxes to repay \$1.5 million in governmental general obligation bonds issued in 2009. Proceeds of the bonds provided financing for the construction of a new fire station. The bonds are payable solely from special sales taxes and are payable through 2019. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require more than 100% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$1,727,109. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total special sales taxes were \$54,094 and \$-0- respectively.

The Town has pledged assessed taxes for each of the homeowners within the improvement district to repay \$0.9 million in governmental special assessments obligations issued in 1996. Proceeds of the bonds provided financing for improvements in the Westerly Drive Improvement District. The bonds are payable solely from special assessments levied against all privately owned lots, pieces and parcels of land lying within the boundaries of the District, all of which have been determined to be benefited by the Project. If there is no purchaser for any assessed parcel offered for sale, it will be struck off to the Town as the purchaser and the bonds will be payable by the General Fund or Debt Service Fund. If there is a deficiency in the funds collected from assessments to pay the principal and interest on the bonds, the Town may make good such deficiency by making a temporary loan from other available funds of the Town. The bonds are payable through 2022. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require more than 100% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$757,425. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total excise taxes were \$83,550 and 57,930, respectively.

The Town has pledged future excise taxes to repay \$0.9 million in governmental excise tax revenue obligations issued in 2003. Proceeds of the bonds provided financing for a new public works building. The bonds are payable from excise taxes and are payable through 2017. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 2% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$641,738. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total excise taxes were \$126,375 and 7,862,408 respectively.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

The Town has pledged park development fees to repay \$0.5 million in certificates of participation issued in 2005. Proceeds of the bonds provided financing for the installation and construction of fencing, lighting and synthetic turf for use as baseball and softball fields. The bonds are payable from park development fees and is guaranteed by a land ground lease. The bonds are payable through 2012. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require more than 100% of net revenues. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total park development fees were \$46,013 and \$23,625, respectively. The certificates of participation were paid in full during the current year.

The Town has pledged net revenues from the operation of the Water System to repay \$10.4 million in business-type loans through the Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona. Proceeds of the loan provide financing to pay the costs of making improvements, extensions, renewals, replacements and repairs to the water system. The loans are payable solely from net revenues from the operation of the Water System and are payable through 2032; however, as of June 30, 2013, the Town has only drawn down \$6.2 million of the loan. Annual principal and interest payments on the loans are expected to require less than 50% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the loan is \$7,470,203. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total net revenues from the operation of the Water System were \$448,089 and \$1,289,961, respectively.

The Town's long-term bonds, special assessments and certificates of participation are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Maturity Date	Original Amount	Outstanding Amount	
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds General obligation bonds, Series 2004	3.0-3.65	07/01/13-14	\$ 2,030,000	\$ 470,000	
General obligation bonds, Series 2009	3.0-4.0	07/01/13-18	1,525,000	1,525,000	
Total general obligation bonds			3,555,000	1,995,000	
Special Assessment Bonds Westerly Drive Improvement District, Series 2005	5.5	01/01/14-22	875,000	585,000	
Revenue Bonds Excise tax revenue obligations, Public Works, Series 2003A	3.75-4.625	10/01/13-17	860,000	575,000	
Total governmental activities			\$ 5,290,000	\$ 3,155,000	

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2013 are as follows:

	July 1, 2012	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2013	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Bonds and Special Assessments					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 2,415,000	\$ -	\$ (420,000)	\$ 1,995,000	\$ 230,000
Special Assessment Bonds	635,000	-	(50,000)	585,000	50,000
Revenue Bonds	675,000	-	(100,000)	575,000	105,000
Certificates of Participation	45,000	-	(45,000)	-	-
·	3,770,000	-	(615,000)	3,155,000	385,000
Deferred Amounts:					
Premium	59,325	-	(9,373)	49,952	9,373
Total Bonds and Special Assessments	3,829,325	-	(624,373)	3,204,952	394,373
Other Liabilities:					
Capital Leases	794,200	-	(274,002)	520,198	180,050
Compensated Absences	1,193,250	877,826	(858,091)	1,212,985	883,835
Other Postemployment Benefits	4,831,346	1,063,174	-	5,894,520	-
Total Other Liabilities	6,818,796	1,941,000	(1,132,093)	7,627,703	1,063,885
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 10,648,121	\$ 1,941,000	\$ (1,756,466)	\$ 10,832,655	\$ 1,458,258
					Due Within
	July 1, 2012	Incre ases	Decreases	June 30, 2013	One Year
Business-type Activities	·		·		
Notes Payable	\$ 2,827,053	\$ 3,767,689	\$ (312,513)	\$ 6,282,229	\$ 448,599
Compensated Absences	233,654	129,325	(144,668)	218,311	149,008
Other Postemployment Benefits	589,730	132,470		722,200	
Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 3,650,437	\$ 4,029,484	\$ (457,181)	\$ 7,222,740	\$ 597,607

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at June 30, 2013 are as follows:

		Governmental Activities				
			Principal		Interest	
Year Ending June 30,						
	2014	\$	385,000	\$	122,173	
	2015		685,000		102,249	
	2016		470,000		81,181	
	2017		485,000		62,719	
	2018		510,000		42,091	
	2019 - 2023		620,000		48,025	
		\$	3,155,000	\$	458,438	

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Town's insurance protection is provided by the Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool (AMRRP), of which the Town is a participating member. The AMRRP is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 70 member cities and towns. The Town pays an annual premium to AMRRP for its general insurance coverage. The agreement provides that AMRRP will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The limit for basic coverage is for \$1,000,000 per occurrence on a claims made basis. Excess coverage is for an additional \$8,000,000 per occurrence on a follow form, claims made basis. No significant reduction in insurance coverage occurred during the year and no settlements exceeded insurance coverage during any of the past three fiscal years. The AMRRP is structured such that member premiums are based on an actuarial review that will provide adequate reserves to allow the Pool to meet its expected financial obligations. The Pool has the authority to assess its members additional premiums should reserves and annual premiums be insufficient to meet the Pool's obligations.

The Town is also insured by Arizona Municipal Workers Compensation Fund for potential worker related accidents. Employees' medical needs are met through a Health and Medical Benefits program offered by the Town. There have been no claim settlements in excess of insurance coverage for the past three years.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Lawsuits - The Town is a defendant in various lawsuits. In the opinion of the Town's attorney, all significant claims have been dismissed, are still in discovery and no determination of liability can be made or are covered by insurance.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Retirement Plans

Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS)

Plan Descriptions - The Town contributes to a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit health care plan; and a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability plan, all of which are administered by the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS (through its Retirement Fund) provides retirement (i.e., pension), death, and survivor benefits; the Health Benefit Supplement Fund provides health insurance premium benefits (i.e., a monthly subsidy); and the Long-Term Disability Fund provides long-term disability benefits. Benefits are established by State statute. ASRS is governed by the Arizona State Retirement System Board according to the provisions of Arizona Revised Statutes. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 2.

ASRS issues a comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The most recent report may be obtained by writing the Arizona State Retirement System, 3300 North Central Avenue, P.O. Box 33910, Phoenix, AZ 85067-3910 or by calling (602) 240-2000 or (800) 621-3778.

Funding Policy - The Arizona State Legislature establishes and may amend active plan members' and the Town's contribution rates. For the year ended June 30, 2013, active plan members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.14 percent (10.25 percent for retirement, 0.65 percent for health insurance premium, and 0.24 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll. The Town was required to contribute an amount equal to the active plan members. The Town's contribution to the plan for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011, which was equal to 100 percent of the required contributions for each year, are presented as follows:

Arizona State Retirement System Contributions Last Three Fiscal Years

	Retir	ement Fund	Health Benefit Supplement Fund		Long-Term Disability Fund	
Years ended June 30,						
2013	\$	366,373	\$	23,233	\$	8,578
2012		366,174		23,792		8,922
2011		301,068		19,715		8,354

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS)

Plan Description - The Town contributes to the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS), an agent multiple-employer, public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent to provide retirement and death and disability benefits for public safety personnel who are regularly assigned hazardous duty in the employ of the State of Arizona or a political subdivision thereof. All benefit provisions and other requirements are established by State statute. PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PSPRS. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Safety Personnel, 3010 East Camelback Road, Suite 200, Phoenix, AZ 85016 or by calling (602) 255-5575.

Funding Policy - Covered employees are required to contribute 7.65 percent of their annual salary to the PSPRS. The Town is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund the PSPRS, as determined by the actuarial basis specified by statute. The current rate is 12.27% and 11.13% of annual covered payroll for Police and Fire, respectively.

Annual Pension Cost - During the year ended June 30, 2013, the Town of Payson, Arizona's annual pension cost of \$576,180 for police and \$307,124 for fire was equal to the Town of Payson, Arizona's required and actual contributions.

The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation using an entry age actuarial funding method. Significant actuarial assumptions used in determining the entry age actuarial accrued liability include (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.85% per year compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases of 4.5% to 8.5% (including inflation at 4.5%) per year compounded annually, and (c) additional projected salary increases of 4.5% to 8.5% per year attributable to seniority/merit.

Funded Status and Funding Progress - As of June 30, 2013, the plan was 40.7 percent funded for police and 69.3 percent funded for fire. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$13.0 million for police and \$8.1 million for fire, and the actuarial value of assets was \$5.3 million for police and \$5.6 million for fire, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$7.7 million for police and \$2.5 million for fire. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1.6 million for police and \$1.7 million for fire, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 487.3 percent for police and 144.4 percent for fire.

The actuarial accrued liability for other postemployment benefits was \$0.4 million for police and \$0.3 million for fire, and the actuarial value of assets was \$-0- for police and \$-0- for fire, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$0.4 million for police and \$0.3 million for fire. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1.6 million for police and \$1.7 million for fire, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 26.0 percent for police and 18.5 percent for fire.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) (Continued)

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

The actuarial value of the Town's assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a seven-year period. The Town's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2013, was 20 years.

The preceding methods comply with the financial reporting standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Three-Year Trend Information Police

Fiscal Year		ual Pension	Percent	Net Pe	
Ended June 30,	Co	ost (APC)	Contributed	Obliga	ation
2011	\$	485,067	100.0 %	\$	_
2012		481,295	100.0		-
2013		576,180	100.0		-
Fiscal Year		Annual	Percent	OPEB E	
Ended June 30,	0	PEB Cost	Contributed	Obliga	ation
2011	\$	32,585	100.0 %	\$	
2017	Φ	33,652	100.0 %	Φ	-
2012		30,032	100.0		_
2013	The	•			_
	Imre		nd Information		
Fiscal Year	Λ		re	Net Pe	!
Fiscal Year	Ann	ual Pension	Percent	Net Pe	ension
Francisco de lumbo 20	0	+ (ADC)			-4:
Ended June 30,	C	ost (APC)	Contributed	Obliga	ation
Ended June 30, 2011		265,399			ation
			Contributed	Obliga	ation -
2011		265,399	Contributed 100.0 %	Obliga	ation - - -
2011 2012		265,399 249,612	Contributed 100.0 % 100.0	Obliga	ation - - -
2011 2012	\$	265,399 249,612	Contributed 100.0 % 100.0	Obliga	- - -
2011 2012 2013	\$	265,399 249,612 307,124	Contributed 100.0 % 100.0 100.0	Obliga \$	- - - Benefit
2011 2012 2013 Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	\$	265,399 249,612 307,124 Annual	Contributed 100.0 % 100.0 100.0 Percent	Obliga \$	- - - Benefit
2011 2012 2013 Fiscal Year	\$	265,399 249,612 307,124 Annual	Contributed 100.0 % 100.0 100.0 Percent	Obliga \$	- - - Benefit
2011 2012 2013 Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	\$ O	265,399 249,612 307,124 Annual PEB Cost	Contributed 100.0 % 100.0 100.0 Percent Contributed	Obligation Obligation	- - - Benefit
2011 2012 2013 Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	\$ O	265,399 249,612 307,124 Annual PEB Cost	Contributed 100.0 % 100.0 100.0 Percent Contributed 100.0 %	Obligation Obligation	- - - Benefit

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) (Continued)

Additional historical trend information for the Town's PSPRS is disclosed on page 59.

Historical trend information is presented in order for a reader to assess the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become payable.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (OPEB)

The Town engaged an actuary to determine the Town's liability for postemployment healthcare benefits other than pensions as of June 30, 2013.

Plan Description - The Town provides postretirement health care benefits in accordance with the Town of Payson Personnel Rules and Procedures manual. An employee eligible for the Retirement Medical Benefits Insurance Package from the Town of Payson, Arizona shall meet the requirements of "Rule of 70" with a minimum of ten years of service to be eligible for retirement. An employee must obtain 70 points by computing his/her age and the number of years of continued service to the Town. A Council Member who was elected prior to 1998 and has served eight (8) consecutive years will be eligible for retirement Medical, Dental, Vision and Life Insurance benefits upon reaching sixty (60) years of age. No Council Member who was elected or appointed to the office in the year 1998 or later shall be eligible under any circumstances, for retirement Medical, Dental, Vision and Life Insurance benefits. The Town ended the retirement program and the postretirement health care benefit plan for employees hired after January 2010.

In 2010 the Town implemented a one-time Early Retirement Incentive Program (ERIP). One of the incentives for employees meeting the criteria was 100% medical insurance paid by the Town per the current postretirement health care benefit program. Eight employees accepted the ERIP.

Currently, the plan has 112 active participants and 46 current retirees, beneficiaries and dependents. The Town makes average monthly contributions of \$319 for employee only health care benefits plans and \$695 for employee and family health care benefit plans. The Town makes average monthly contributions of \$643 for retiree only postretirement health care benefits plan and \$1,584 for retiree and family postretirement health care benefits plans.

Funding Policy - During the year ended June 30, 2013, the Town contributed \$697,516 for all eligible retirees.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - The Town's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any un-funded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually paid from the plan, and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation.

Annual Required Contribution	\$ 1,862,258
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	243,948
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	(213,046)
Annual OPEB Cost (Expense)	1,893,160
Contributions Made	(697,516)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	1,195,644
Net OPEB Obligation-Beginning of Year	5,421,076
Net OPEB Obligation-End of Year	\$ 6,616,720

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of the annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2013, 2012 and 2011 were as follows:

	Percentage of							
		Annual OPEB						
Fiscal Year	An	nual OPEB		Cost	1	Net OPEB		
Ended		Cost		Contributed	(Obligation		
June 30, 2011	\$	1,960,588		13.2%	\$	4,356,228		
June 30, 2012		1,932,691		44.9%		5,421,076		
June 30, 2013		1,893,160		36.8%		6,616,720		

Funding Progress – Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

C. Retirement Plans (Continued)

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

The actuarial accrued liability for other postemployment benefits was \$23.4 million and the actuarial value of assets was \$-0-, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$23.4 million.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2012 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date. The initial healthcare trend rate was 8.0%, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5% over six years. The initial self-pay trend rate was 8.0%, reduced to 5% over six years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2012, was 30 years.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MD&A



TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Payson Police

Valuation Date June 30, 2011 2012 2013	Actuarial Value of Assets \$ 5,725,065 5,597,463 5,304,593	Entry Age Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) \$ 11,731,524 12,877,323 13,046,224	Percent Funded 48.8% 43.5% 40.7%	Unfunded AAL \$ 6,006,459 7,279,860 7,741,631	Annual Covered Payroll \$ 1,723,654 1,461,875 1,588,546	Unfunded AAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll 348.5% 498.0% 487.3%
	Ot	her Postemployme	ent Benefits (He	alth Insurance Sub	sidy)	
Valuation Date June 30,	Actuarial Value of Assets	Entry Age Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Percent Funded	Unfunded AAL	Annual Covered Payroll	Unfunded AAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2011 2012 2013	\$ - - -	\$ 375,475 373,890 413,422	0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	\$ 375,475 373,890 413,422	\$ 1,723,654 1,461,875 1,588,546	21.8% 25.6% 26.0%
			Payson Fire	е		
Valuation Date June 30, 2011	Actuarial Value of Assets \$ 4,871,780	Entry Age Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) \$ 7,095,775	Percent Funded 68.7%	Unfunded AAL \$ 2,223,995	Annual Covered Payroll \$ 1,299,910	Unfunded AAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll 171.1%
2012 2013	5,382,932 5,600,975	7,850,792 8,076,587	68.6% 69.3%	2,467,860 2,475,612	1,482,525 1,714,959	166.5% 144.4%
	Ot	her Postemployme	ent Benefits (He	alth Insurance Sub	sidy)	
Valuation Date June 30, 2011 2012	Actuarial Value of Assets -	Entry Age Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) \$ 285,709 294,624	Percent Funded 0.0% 0.0%	Unfunded AAL \$ 285,709 294,624	Annual Covered Payroll \$ 1,299,910 1,482,525	Unfunded AAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll 22.0% 19.9%
2013	-	318,034	0.0%	318,034	1,714,959	18.5%
		Payson Other	Postemplo	yment Benefit	S	
Valuation Date June 30,	Actuarial Value of Assets	Entry Age Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Percent Funded	Unfunded AAL	Annual Covered Payroll	Unfunded AAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2009	\$ -	\$ 19,327,774	0.0%	\$ 19,327,774	N/A	N/A
2010 2012	-	23,953,850 23,427,368	0.0% 0.0%	23,953,850 23,427,368	N/A N/A	N/A N/A



Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Highway Users Revenue Fund (HURF) - accounts for the operations of the street maintenance department. Financing is provided by the Town's share of motor fuel tax revenues. State law requires these motor fuel taxes be used to maintain streets.

Library Fund - accounts for the costs associated with the Town's library and is primarily funded by a special property tax assessed by the Gila County Library District specifically for libraries within the county. The tax is distributed by a population-based formula and must be used for library related expenditures.

Judicial Collection Enhancement (JCEF)/Municipal Court Fill the Gap (FTG) - accounts for a \$12 penalty fee established by the State of Arizona to be imposed by the local courts in addition to other fines. The distribution of the fee was split two ways: \$9.00 was remitted to the State Superior Court and \$3.00 was retained by the local court. The use of the \$3.00 fee is for the enhancement of the collection process. The State of Arizona established a 7% increase in surcharges on September 1, 1999 with Senate Bill 1013. A portion of the increase is distributed to Municipal Courts on a quarterly basis. The program is titled "Municipal Court Fill the Gap" or FTG. The monies collected by this program may be used for the same purposes for which local JCEF monies may be used.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds - accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities.



TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Specia	al Revenue	!		Сар	ital Projects		
	HURF	L	ibrary	JC	EF/FTG		Capital Projects	Gov	Total onmajor ernmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and Investments	\$ 76,127	\$	7,816	\$	85,895	\$	42,885	\$	212,723
Restricted Cash and Investments	-		-		-		525,403		525,403
Accounts Receivable	-		156		-		-		156
Intergovernmental Receivable	129,710		-		353		36,839		166,902
Total Assets	\$ 205,837	\$	7,972	\$	86,248	\$	605,127	\$	905,184
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities									
Accounts Payable	\$ 42,344	\$	1,502	\$	-	\$	81	\$	43,927
Accrued Wages and Benefits	19,823	1	6,470		-				26,293
Total Liabilities	62,167		7,972		-		81		70,220
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted	143,670		-		86,248		308,458		538,376
Assigned			-		-		296,588		296,588
Total Fund Balances	143,670		-		86,248		605,046		834,964
Total Liabilities and Balances	\$ 205,837	\$	7,972	\$	86,248	\$	605,127	\$	905,184

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Special Revenue	Capital Projects		
	HURF	Library	JCEF/FTG	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes					
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ 229,305	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 229,305
Intergovernmental	1,358,524	-	-	93,847	1,452,371
Fines and Forfeitures	-	14,541	-	-	14,541
Contributions and Donations	-	-	1,131	-	1,131
Development Impact Fees	29,640	-	-	35,635	65,275
Other	28,040	5,125	-		33,165
Total Revenues	1,416,204	248,971	1,131	129,482	1,795,788
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Highways and Streets	1,458,856	-	-	-	1,458,856
Culture and Recreation	-	323,859	-	-	323,859
Capital Outlay	_		-	261,410	261,410
Total Expenditures	1,458,856	323,859	<u> </u>	261,410	2,044,125
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(42,652)	(74,888)	1,131	(131,928)	(248,337)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	_	74,888	-	12,588	87,476
Transfers Out	_	-	-	(154,339)	(154,339)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	74,888	-	(141,751)	(66,863)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(42,652)	-	1,131	(273,679)	(315,200)
FUND BALANCES					
Beginning of Year	186,322		85,117	878,725	1,150,164
End of Year	\$ 143,670	\$ -	\$ 86,248	\$ 605,046	\$ 834,964

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget
Taxes			
Sales Taxes	\$ 350,000	\$ 327,578	\$ (22,422)
Special Assessments	58,000	57,930	(70)
Total Revenues	408,000	385,508	(22,492)
EXPENDITURES			
Debt Service			
Principal Retirement	852,500	847,183	5,317
Interest on Long-Term Debt	162,900	151,377	11,523
Total Expenditures	1,015,400	998,560	16,840
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over			
Expenditures	(607,400)	(613,052)	(5,652)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In	622,605	474,752	(147,853)
Net Change in Fund Balance	15,205	(138,300)	(153,505)
FUND BALANCE			
Beginning of Year		711,260	711,260
End of Year	\$ 15,205	\$ 572,960	\$ 557,755

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA HURF FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	riginal and nal Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES			•		
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,536,900	\$ 1,358,524	\$	(178,376)	
Development Impact Fees	50,000	29,640		(20,360)	
Other	 36,800	28,040		(8,760)	
Total Revenues	 1,623,700	1,416,204		(207,496)	
EXPENDITURES Current					
Highways and Streets	 1,655,800	1,458,856		196,944	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(32,100)	(42,652)		(10,552)	
FUND BALANCE					
Beginning of Year		 186,322		186,322	
End of Year	\$ (32,100)	\$ 143,670	\$	175,770	

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA LIBRARY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Original and Final Budget			Actual		iance with al Budget
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$	229,200	\$	229,305	\$	105
Fines and Forfeitures		15,500		14,541		(959)
Other		21,600		5,125		(16,475)
Total Revenues		266,300		248,971		(17,329)
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Culture and Recreation		373,800		323,859		49,941
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures		(107,500)		(74,888)		32,612
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		198,100		74,888		(123,212)
Net Change in Fund Balance		90,600		-		(90,600)
FUND BALANCE						
Beginning of Year		-				
End of Year	\$	90,600	\$	-	\$	(90,600)

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA JCEF/FTG FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Original and Final Budget			Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES Contributions and Donations	\$	3,000	\$	1,131	\$	(1,869)
EXPENDITURES Current General Government	•	4,600	Ť	-	•	4,600
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(1,600)		1,131		2,731
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year End of Year	\$	(1,600)	\$	85,117 86,248	\$	85,117 87,848

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Original and Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,047,200	\$ 93,847	\$ (953,353)	
Development Impact Fees	-	35,635	35,635	
Total Revenues	1,047,200	129,482	(917,718)	
EXPENDITURES				
Capital Outlay	2,033,700	261,410	1,772,290	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
Expenditures	(986,500)	(131,928)	854,572	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	12,000	12,588	588	
Transfers Out	(199,605)	(154,339)	45,266	
Proceeds from Capital Lease	450,000	-	(450,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	262,395	(141,751)	(404,146)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(724,105)	(273,679)	450,426	
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of Year	-	878,725	878,725	
End of Year	\$ (724,105)	\$ 605,046	\$ 1,329,151	



STATISTICAL SECTION

This section of the Town of Payson, Arizona's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the sales tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

See the table of contents for page numbers of the schedules that encompass the above sections.

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year						
	2004		2005			2006	2007
Governmental activities							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	23,208,623	\$	21,506,684	\$	22,328,708	\$ 101,360,121
Restricted		2,581,423		4,207,316		4,734,371	5,448,557
Unrestricted		3,353,871		5,479,255		5,103,790	4,590,792
Total governmental activities net position	\$	29,143,917	\$	31,193,255	\$	32,166,869	\$ 111,399,470
Business-type activities							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	11,741,865	\$	11,933,965	\$	13,142,519	\$ 12,283,170
Restricted		3,499,111		3,626,754		4,211,504	4,681,554
Unrestricted		2,172,170		3,174,456		3,821,585	4,707,319
Total business-type activities net position	\$	17,413,146	\$	18,735,175	\$	21,175,608	\$ 21,672,043
Primary government							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	34,950,488	\$	33,440,649	\$	35,471,227	\$ 113,643,291
Restricted		6,080,534		7,834,070		8,945,875	10,130,111
Unrestricted		5,526,041		8,653,711		8,925,375	 9,298,111
Total primary government net position	\$	46,557,063	\$	49,928,430	\$	53,342,477	\$ 133,071,513

Source: The Town's Finance Department.

Fiscal Year

2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
\$ 106,049,982	\$ 105,561,440	\$ 103,809,445	\$ 104,607,886	\$ 104,528,536	\$ 104,037,027
4,310,080	3,971,451	3,137,935	3,106,342	2,471,981	2,088,595
2,456,973	521,636	1,459,147	(2,639,291)	(4,492,672)	(6,121,753)
\$ 112,817,035	\$ 110,054,527	\$ 108,406,527	\$ 105,074,937	\$ 102,507,845	\$ 100,003,869
\$ 14,363,974	\$ 14,720,036	\$ 15,195,051	\$ 19,600,002	\$ 19,707,632	\$ 18,768,107
4,909,657	4,921,901	1,065,623	-	451,859	451,859
5,282,327	3,890,818	5,898,114	5,224,938	5,480,569	6,768,944
\$ 24,555,958	\$ 23,532,755	\$ 22,158,788	\$ 24,824,940	\$ 25,640,060	\$ 25,988,910
\$ 120,413,956	\$ 120,281,476	\$ 119,004,496	\$ 124,207,888	\$ 124,236,168	\$ 122,805,134
9,219,737	8,893,352	4,203,558	3,106,342	2,923,840	2,540,454
7,739,300	4,412,454	7,357,261	2,585,647	987,897	647,191
\$ 137,372,993	\$ 133,587,282	\$ 130,565,315	\$ 129,899,877	\$ 128,147,905	\$ 125,992,779

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year							
		2004		2005		2006		2007
Expenses		<u>,</u>						
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	2,754,686	\$	2,727,457	\$	3,191,559	\$	3,595,408
Public safety		5,338,874		6,239,687		7,375,276		7,818,997
Highways and streets		2,022,194		2,285,810		4,827,042		4,147,353
Culture and recreation		1,751,941		1,772,917		1,738,625		2,152,923
Public works		687,511		551,668		529,950		407,578
Community development		883,030		871,706		839,792		923,599
Health and welfare		220,005		242,892		256,498		252,136
Interest on long-term debt		272,222		239,528		315,645		317,800
Total governmental activities		13,930,463		14,931,665		19,074,387		19,615,794
Business-type activities								
Water		3,156,618		2,632,184		2,046,035		3,715,985
Total primary government expenses		17,087,081		17,563,849		21,120,422		23,331,779
Program Revenues								
Governmental activities:								
Fees, Fines, and Charges for Services								
General government		2,154,657		1,126,063		1,341,311		947,152
Public safety		-		404,194		386,291		581,150
Highways and streets		-		54,843		91,574		90,507
Culture and recreation		-		116,635		103,873		117,706
Public works		-		86,489		82,158		98,367
Community development		-		761,468		841,640		614,968
Health and welfare		-		10,920		11,104		11,277
Interest on long-term debt		-		-		-		880,303
Operating grants and contributions		2,063,070		2,689,186		3,941,550		2,862,482
Capital grants and contributions		517,499		453,218		338,142		404,433
Total governmental activities program revenues		4,735,226		5,703,016		7,137,643		6,608,345
Business-type activities Charges for services:								
Water		3,543,006		3,508,276		4,199,650		4,099,518
Operating grants and contributions		194,921		38,752		50,000		39,500
Capital grants and contributions		194,921		30,732		210,323		362,446
Total business-type activities program revenues		3,737,927		3,547,028		4,459,973		4,501,464
Total primary government program revenues		8,473,153		9,250,044		11,597,616		11,109,809
		-, 3, 3		-,,		.,,	_	.,,
Net (expense)/revenue								
Governmental activities		(9,195,237)		(9,228,649)		(11,936,744)		(13,007,449)
Business-type activities		581,309		914,844		2,413,938		785,479
Total primary government net expense	\$	(8,613,928)	\$	(8,313,805)	\$	(9,522,806)	\$	(12,221,970)

Source: The Town's Finance Department.

Fiscal Year

					1 1300	rea	u.			
2008			2009		2010		2011	2012		2013
\$ 3,707,8 7,939,9 3,786,0 2,730,0 350,5 1,219,2 259,0 303,1 20,296,0	971 987 983 931 970 983 48	\$	4,323,958 8,376,425 2,856,499 1,714,675 445,095 1,051,931 289,710 275,659 19,333,952	\$	3,133,909 8,164,357 3,070,365 1,575,542 284,563 1,119,712 273,394 267,661 17,889,503	\$	3,984,961 8,645,178 2,765,928 1,466,906 324,660 1,228,298 259,854 249,925 18,925,710	\$ 3,574,186 8,845,884 2,632,098 1,453,416 212,155 880,320 267,331 224,074 18,089,464	\$	4,075,873 8,977,125 2,479,031 1,252,833 195,693 982,040 264,900 147,677 18,375,172
3,673,9	943		4,797,060		4,164,224		4,229,154	4,373,128		4,247,375
23,969,9	983		24,131,012		22,053,727		23,154,864	22,462,592		22,622,547
907,9	951		657,076		656,861		669,803	741,260		1,046,540
658,7	' 07		723,194		626,728		404,286	361,472		318,429
50,8	376		28,185		4,482		-	4,831		-
148,4	116		131,966		216,752		138,524	164,088		63,198
61,2	72		56,617		87,476		103,004	81,098		107,266
422,8	356		268,662		117,147		124,893	150,149		158,449
10,1	49 -		15,139 -		18,509 -		19,152 -	18,276 -		18,192 -
2,137,2	228		2,079,200		1,840,478		2,237,241	2,661,413		2,946,035
1,786,8	891		248,512		448,191		862,801	675,204		296,246
6,184,3	346		4,208,551		4,016,624		4,559,704	4,857,791		4,954,355
4,037,6	662		3,666,635		3,678,173		3,961,028	4,268,103 75,000		4,569,601 -
270,5	13				117,124		3,100,474	 826,370		_
4,308,1	75		3,666,635		3,795,297		7,061,502	5,169,473		4,569,601
10,492,5	21		7,875,186		7,811,921		11,621,206	10,027,264		9,523,956
		_	_	_	_		_	_	_	
(14,111,6		(15,125,401)	(13,872,879)	((14,366,006)	(13,231,673)		(13,420,817)
634,2	232		(1,130,425)		(368,927)		2,832,348	 796,345		322,226
\$ (13,477,4	62)	\$ (16,255,826)	\$ (14,241,806)	\$ ((11,533,658)	\$ (12,435,328)	\$	(13,098,591)

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year						
		2004		2005		2006	2007
General Revenues and Other Changes in							
Net Position							
Governmental activities:							
Taxes:							
Sales taxes	\$	5,434,673	\$	5,936,919	\$	7,314,067	\$ 7,503,852
Property taxes		646,156		727,678		784,437	834,521
Franchise taxes		304,226		336,881		336,399	348,166
Intergovernmental		2,373,960		2,513,814		3,851,170	4,194,575
Payments in lieu of taxes		852,815		964,324		-	-
Investment earnings		55,183		136,117		361,815	403,108
Transfers		42,350		254,790		262,470	312,470
Total governmental activities		9,709,363		10,870,523		12,910,358	13,596,692
Business-type activities:							
Investment earnings		44,156		117,928		288,965	447,258
Transfers		(42,350)		(254,790)		(262,470)	(312,470)
Total business-type activities		1,806		(136,862)		26,495	134,788
Total primary government		9,711,169		10,733,661		12,936,853	13,731,480
Change in Net Position							
Governmental activities		514,126		1,641,874		973,614	589,243
Business-type activities		583,115		777,982		2,440,433	920,267
Total primary government	\$	1,097,241	\$	2,419,856	\$	3,414,047	\$ 1,509,510

Fiscal Year

_					1 1000						
	2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013
\$	7,396,678	\$	6,624,711	\$	5,919,923	\$	5,915,905	\$	6,047,629	\$	6,047,114
Ψ	907,545	Ψ	856,237	Ψ	1,002,536	Ψ	1,010,692	Ψ	960,360	Ψ	882,079
	349,043		339,802		349,061		344,833		351,227		356,550
	4,602,546		4,473,463		3,988,244		3,533,894		3,320,055		3,648,010
	-		-		(00.005)		70.070		- 0.040		-
	287,474		68,680		(39,885)		76,978		2,610		388
	437,734		<u>-</u>		1,005,000		152,114		(17,300)		(17,300)
	13,981,020		12,362,893		12,224,879		11,034,416		10,664,581		10,916,841
	253,312		107,222		(40)		(14,082)		1,475		9,324
	(437,734)		-		(1,005,000)		(152,114)		17,300		17,300
	(184,422)		107,222		(1,005,040)		(166,196)		18,775		26,624
	13,796,598		12,470,115		11,219,839		10,868,220		10,683,356		10,943,465
	(130,674)		(2,762,508)		(1,648,000)		(3,331,590)		(2,567,092)		(2,503,976)
	449,810		(1,023,203)		(1,373,967)		2,666,152		815,120		348,850
\$	319,136	\$	(3,785,711)	\$	(3,021,967)	\$	(665,438)	\$	(1,751,972)	\$	(2,155,126)

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

			Fiscal Year			
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	
General Fund Reserved Unreserved	\$ - 2,141,833	\$ 2,000 2,649,209	\$ - 3,428,794	\$ 14,662 2,934,445	\$ - 1,052,084	
Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned						
Total General Fund	\$ 2,141,833	\$ 2,651,209	\$ 3,428,794	\$ 2,949,107	\$ 1,052,084	
All other governmental funds	Φ.	•	Ф 0000	Φ 050	Φ 050	
Reserved Unreserved, reported in:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,226	\$ 250	\$ 250	
Special revenue funds Debt service funds Capital projects funds	740,890 697,199 2,262,426	1,862,531 1,123,656 3,811,793	2,080,199 877,863 2,968,412	2,191,308 1,164,787 2,206,560	1,183,909 1,553,209 1,557,772	
Restricted Assigned						
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 3,700,515	\$ 6,797,980	\$ 5,932,700	\$ 5,562,905	\$ 4,295,140	
	Ψ 5,. 00,010	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + 		+ 5,502,000	ψ .,=00,110	

Source: The Town's Finance Department.

Note: The Town implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54 during the fiscal year 2011.

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				Fiscal Year				
2009	2009 2010			2011		2012		2013
\$ 14,729 785,962	\$	14,645 826,978						
			\$	7,629 258,357 341,960 924,513	\$	7,629 390,725 176,048 326,348	\$	7,692 317,820 158,688 480,761
\$ 800,691	\$	841,623	\$	1,532,459	\$	900,750	\$	964,961
\$ 250	\$	3,869						
1,096,303		913,850						
1,416,112		1,198,421						
1,324,306		2,459,190	•	0.000.700	Φ.	4 007 4 40	•	4 444 000
			\$	2,029,780 619,937	\$	1,387,149 474,275	\$	1,111,336 296,588
\$ 3,836,971	\$	4,575,330	\$	2,649,717	\$	1,861,424	\$	1,407,924

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

			Fiscal Year		
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 6,080,829	\$ 7,001,478	\$ 8,434,903	\$ 8,686,539	\$ 8,653,266
Intergovernmental	5,666,760	6,500,510	8,000,326	7,332,472	7,362,721
Fines and forfeitures	250,868	285,048	288,141	265,598	255,155
Licenses and permits	697,611	575,256	634,614	464,571	331,783
Charges for services	959,342	931,057	960,699	1,103,001	1,113,467
Other	1,188,084	1,849,683	1,647,363	1,264,172	1,113,304
Total revenues	14,843,494	17,143,032	19,966,046	19,116,353	18,829,696
Expenditures					
General government and					
community development	3,359,597	3,428,453	3,967,139	4,133,694	5,018,872
Public safety	4,980,492	5,702,869	7,417,846	7,612,207	7,731,920
Public works & highways and streets	1,621,275	2,423,241	4,526,180	3,705,640	4,627,564
Heath and welfare & culture and recreation	1,602,171	1,695,512	1,837,732	2,093,694	2,464,067
Capital outlay	2,906,359	1,936,984	2,746,022	1,063,615	1,997,629
Debt service					
Principal retirement	561,170	585,803	844,385	1,249,354	897,754
Interest on long-term debt	272,222	239,528	315,645	420,101	277,630
Other debt service	-	53,514	365,390	-	-
Total expenditures	15,303,286	16,065,904	22,020,339	20,278,305	23,015,436
Excess of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(459,792)	1,077,128	(2,054,293)	(1,161,952)	(4,185,740)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	1,627,291	2,113,691	2,769,621	3,797,776	2,955,804
Transfers out	(1,584,941)	(1,858,901)	(2,507,151)	(3,485,306)	(2,518,070)
Issuance of refunding debt	-	-	1,085,000	-	-
Issuance of long-term debt	-	2,048,723	1,420,000	-	-
Bond premium	-	-	41,531	-	-
Payment to refunded debt escrow agent	-	-	(1,020,403)	-	-
Proceeds from capital lease		226,200	178,000	-	550,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	42,350	2,529,713	1,966,598	312,470	987,734
Net change in fund balance	\$ (417,442)	\$ 3,606,841	\$ (87,695)	\$ (849,482)	\$ (3,198,006)
Debt service as a percentage					
of noncapital expenditures	6.72%	6.22%	7.91%	8.69%	6.30%

Source: The Town's Finance Department.

Note: Debt service principal and interest was not available prior to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 to present as separate line items.

		Fiscal Year		
2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
\$ 7,820,750	\$ 7,271,520	\$ 7,236,777	\$ 7,330,207	\$ 7,249,900
6,595,255	6,193,464	6,153,959	6,403,423	6,851,042
235,284	221,523	177,314	159,629	165,210
252,931	209,031	215,695	240,600	247,821
1,033,870	937,636	684,754	859,788	704,572
660,187	514,413	1,076,976	492,365	692,038
16,598,277	15,347,587	15,545,475	15,486,012	15,910,583
4,246,206	4,127,767	3,568,102	4,261,562	4,118,149
7,242,658	7,125,424	7,178,572	7,763,007	7,973,221
2,585,497	2,599,518	2,173,759	2,074,324	1,865,303
1,368,395	1,231,155	1,051,603	1,114,932	1,018,437
593,607	915,780	1,996,313	1,052,702	261,410
988,117	847,866	959,229	1,036,559	889,002
250,141	241,063	223,327	197,473	157,050
-	55,233		-	-
17,274,621	17,143,806	17,150,905	17,500,559	16,282,572
(676,344)	(1,796,219)	(1,605,430)	(2,014,547)	(371,989)
577,983	2,035,274	542,820	450,893	562,228
(577,983)	(1,030,274)	(390,706)	(468,193)	(579,528)
-	-	-	-	-
-	1,525,000	-	-	-
-	45,510	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
		218,539	611,845	-
	2,575,510	370,653	594,545	(17,300)
\$ (676,344)	\$ 779,291	\$ (1,234,777)	\$ (1,420,002)	\$ (389,289)
0.000/	- 4-0/	- 4-04	7.50 0/	0.000/

8.02%

7.15%

7.15%

7.58%

6.30%



TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA GENERAL GOVERNMENT TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	Sales Taxes	Property Taxes	Franchise Taxes	Bed Tax	Library District	Total	
2004	\$ 5,310,375	\$ 490,156	\$ 304,226	\$ 124,298	\$ 156,000	\$ 6,385,055	
2005	5,602,478	727,678	336,881	176,591	157,850	7,001,478	
2006	7,102,970	593,694	336,399	211,097	190,743	8,434,903	
2007	7,298,346	634,241	348,166	205,506	200,280	8,686,539	
2008	7,214,023	695,245	349,043	182,655	212,300	8,653,266	
2009	6,464,884	629,861	339,802	159,827	226,376	7,820,750	
2010	5,784,193	773,306	349,060	135,730	229,230	7,271,519	
2011	5,696,337	746,809	344,834	219,568	229,230	7,236,778	
2012	5,827,059	702,121	351,227	220,570	229,230	7,330,207	
2013	5,787,208	616,931	356,550	259,906	229,305	7,249,900	

Source: The Town's Finance Department.

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

			Fiscal Year		
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Sales Category					
Retail trade	\$ 2,811,849	\$ 2,946,388	\$ 3,655,505	\$ 3,809,689	\$ 3,644,827
Construction	937,590	1,008,971	1,207,041	1,171,982	953,990
Restaurants and bars	436,403	547,906	615,870	638,635	614,752
Communications and utilities	328,722	510,765	576,592	626,516	812,819
Transportation & warehousing	3,658	11,028	14,743	25,914	10,272
Services	208,446	137,325	142,882	127,827	111,830
Manufacturing	108,286	138,382	180,369	198,832	188,595
Real estate, rental & leasing	205,040	280,826	320,133	305,467	403,451
Finance and insurance	4,513	12,269	9,983	8,299	8,612
Accommodations	191,561	287,731	333,627	342,659	313,025
Wholesale trade	40,188	51,102	87,044	63,060	89,777
Arts & entertainment	22,951	40,820	46,401	67,811	81,039
Other	129,324	136,390	145,489	117,161	69,305
Total	\$ 5,428,531	\$ 6,109,903	\$ 7,335,679	\$ 7,503,852	\$ 7,302,294
Town sales tax rate	8.60%	8.72%	8.72%	8.72%	8.72%

Source: Arizona Department of Revenue.

Fiscal	

2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
\$ 3,411,550	\$ 3,188,660	\$ 3,190,013	\$ 3,299,193	\$ 3,323,438
897,002	379,158	372,588	411,290	335,958
586,231	554,640	529,279	551,843	567,341
750,808	812,622	787,188	894,790	805,044
8,363	8,783	9,090	9,682	8,740
110,342	126,490	134,700	108,859	120,009
141,061	121,831	132,780	70,963	122,048
356,298	322,460	294,262	266,915	288,228
7,837	5,307	5,547	6,288	6,221
269,210	222,243	300,769	309,848	333,205
82,084	69,460	75,675	61,747	45,678
55,972	53,083	54,470	50,796	52,012
42,293	55,186	29,544	5,415	39,192
\$ 6,719,051	\$ 5,919,923	\$ 5,915,905	\$ 6,047,629	\$ 6,047,114
8.72%	8.72%	9.72%	9.72%	8.72%

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	Town Direct Rate	Gila County	Arizona State	Total Tax Rate
2004	2.00 %	1.00 %	5.60 %	8.60 %
2005	2.12	1.00	5.60	8.72
2006	2.12	1.00	5.60	8.72
2007	2.12	1.00	5.60	8.72
2008	2.12	1.00	5.60	8.72
2009	2.12	1.00	5.60	8.72
2010	2.12	1.00	5.60	8.72
2011	2.12	1.00	6.60	9.72
2012	2.12	1.00	6.60	9.72
2013	2.12	1.00	5.60	8.72

Source: Arizona Dept. of Revenue

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

				Assessed Value as a
Fiscal	Total Taxable	Total Direct Tax	Estimated Actual	Percentage of Actual
Year	Assessed Value	Rate	Taxable Value	Value
2004	\$ 153,133,821	0.3481	1,144,148,351	13.384 %
2005	170,159,572	0.3444	1,251,385,801	13.598
2006	182,522,790	0.3502	1,383,662,572	13.191
2007	201,211,739	0.3447	1,500,887,154	13.406
2008	224,447,881	0.2813	1,745,155,468	12.861
2009	240,139,778	0.3201	2,071,174,745	11.594
2010	236,841,829	0.3150	2,875,030,889	8.238
2011	201,988,013	0.3394	1,778,795,861	11.355
2012	178,102,500	0.3502	1,565,594,980	11.376
2013	178,737,829	0.3828	1,575,224,664	11.347

Source: The Gila County Assessor's Office.

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA NET SECONDARY ASSESSED VALUATION BY PROPERTY CLASSIFICATION JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Description	et Secondary essed Valuation	As a % of the Town's Total Net Secondary Assessed Valuation
Mining, Utilities, Telecommunications, Commercial and Industry	\$ 43,496,558	16.71%
Vacant Land and Agriculture Real Property	17,612,309	6.77%
Agricultural Personal Property	26,177	0.01%
Owner Occupied Residential Property	69,531,519	26.72%
Leased or Rented Residential Property	48,033,584	18.46%
Residential Historical Property	34,795	0.01%
Improvements on Government Property	 2,887	0.01%
	\$ 178,737,829	

Source: The Gila County Assessor's Office.

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

		Town			0	verlapping Rat	es		
Fiscal Year	Town of Payson Primary	Town of Payson Secondary	Total Town Rate	N. Gila Co. Sanitary District	Library District Secondary	Fire District Assistance Secondary	School Equalization Primary	Gila County Primary	Rate Total
2004	0.2867	0.0614	0.3481	0.7000	0.2000	0.1000	0.4560	4.4100	6.2141
2005	0.2752	0.0692	0.3444	0.7000	0.2000	0.1000	0.4358	4.4100	6.1902
2006	0.2640	0.0862	0.3502	0.7000	0.2000	0.1000	N/A	4.3488	5.6990
2007	0.2476	0.0971	0.3447	0.7000	0.2000	0.1000	N/A	4.1100	5.4547
2008	0.2215	0.0598	0.2813	0.7000	0.2000	0.1000	N/A	3.9200	5.2013
2009	0.2215	0.0986	0.3201	0.7000	0.2000	0.1000	0.3306	3.7500	5.4007
2010	0.2560	0.0590	0.3150	0.6000	0.2000	0.1000	0.3564	4.1900	5.7614
2011	0.3065	0.0329	0.3394	0.6000	0.2000	0.1000	0.4259	4.1900	5.8553
2012	0.3502	-	0.3502	0.6000	0.2000	0.1000	0.4717	4.1900	5.9119
2013	0.3828	-	0.3828	0.6000	0.2000	0.1000	0.5123	4.1900	5.9851



TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS JUNE 30, 2013 AND NINE YEARS PRIOR (UNAUDITED)

		2013			2004	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Tota Taxable Assessed Value
Arizona Public Service	10,169,572	1	5.69%	4,575,018	2	2.99%
Retail Trust IIIWal-Mart	1,837,474	2	1.03%	1,840,303	5	1.20%
Payson Regional Hospital	1,648,245	3	0.92%	1,703,599	6	1.11%
Centurylink / Qwest	1,040,104	4	0.58%	2,335,407	3	1.53%
Home Depot USA Inc	989,617	5	0.55%	-	-	0.00%
Payson Village Center I LLC	962,463	6	0.54%	-	-	0.00%
Black Buffalo Golf LLC	928,441	7	0.52%	-	-	0.00%
Sawmill Crossing LLC	786,635	8	0.44%	-	-	0.00%
Buffalo Golf LLC	676,518	9	0.38%	-	-	0.00%
Double A Investments LLP	631,505	10	0.35%	-	-	0.00%
First American Title	-	-	-	6,550,444	1	4.28%
PLP Payson LLC	-	-	-	2,136,158	4	1.39%
First American Title Insurance	-	-	-	1,365,111	7	0.89%
Rim County Mall LLC	-	-	-	1,129,023	8	0.74%
Cablevision of Payson	-	-	-	849,322	9	0.55%
Safeway Inc.		-		829,983	10	0.54%
	\$ 19,670,574		11.01%	\$ 23,314,368		15.22%

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	(1)	Current	Percent of	Delinquent		Ratio of Total
	Total	Tax	Current Taxes	Tax	Total Tax	Tax Collections
Fiscal	Tax Levy	Collections	Collected	Collections	Collections	to Total Tax Levy
2004	\$ 496,600	\$ 490,156	98.70	\$ 8,569	\$ 498,725	100.43
2005	522,310	566,054	108.38	3,774	569,828	109.10
2006	588,279	585,930	99.60	7,764	593,694	100.92
2007	641,740	639,190	99.60	(4,949)	634,241	98.83
2008	703,207	690,260	98.16	4,985	695,245	98.87
2009	647,200	621,858	96.08	8,003	629,861	97.32
2010	790,354	760,451	96.22	12,855	773,306	97.84
2011	751,315	728,383	96.95	18,426	746,809	99.40
2012	680,975	674,978	99.12	5,997	680,975	100.00
2013	623,716	611,478	98.04	-	611,478	98.04

⁽¹⁾ The amount levied and collected is net of resolutions.

Outsta Delind	0	Ratio of Delinquent Taxes
Tax	ces	to Tax Levy
\$ (2,125)	(0.43)
(4	7,518)	(9.10)
(:	5,415)	(0.92)
	7,499	1.17
	7,962	1.13
1	7,339	2.68
1	7,048	2.16
	4,506	0.60
	-	-
1	2,238	1.96

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Certificates of Participation	Excise Tax Revenue Bonds	Special Assessment Bonds	Term Loans	Capital Leases
2004	\$ 1,486,000	\$ -	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 1,450,000	\$ 891,590	\$ 187,090
2005	3,371,000	-	1,235,000	1,305,000	787,385	286,695
2006	3,015,000	515,000	1,165,000	2,025,000	596,334	321,361
2007	2,825,000	445,000	1,095,000	1,830,000	-	193,341
2008	2,465,000	375,000	1,070,000	1,615,000	-	565,587
2009	2,055,000	295,000	940,000	1,390,000	-	372,470
2010	3,205,000	215,000	860,000	1,155,000	-	294,604
2011	2,820,000	135,000	770,000	900,000	-	363,914
2012	2,415,000	45,000	675,000	635,000	-	794,200
2013	1,995,000	-	575,000	585,000	-	520,198

Business-type Activities

F	Water Revenue Bonds	Notes Payable	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capit	a
\$	855,000	\$ -	\$ 6,169,680	1.05	\$ 40	06
	750,000	-	7,735,080	1.27	5	03
	640,000	-	8,277,695	1.34	5	36
	525,000	-	6,913,341	1.03	4	13
	405,000	343,239	6,838,826	0.96	38	88
	140,000	300,464	6,352,934	0.90	30	68
	115,000	1,062,675	6,907,279	0.98	4	00
	-	768,548	5,757,462	1.02	3.	76
	-	2,827,053	7,391,253	1.14	4	83
	-	6,282,229	9,957,427	1.50	6	54

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Taxable Assessed Value of Property	Percentage of Estimated Actual Value of Property	Population	Obl Bond	General ligation led Debt Capita
2004	\$ 1,486,000	\$ 1,251,385,801	0.12	15,200	\$	98
2005	3,371,000	1,383,662,572	0.24	15,375		219
2006	3,015,000	1,500,887,154	0.20	15,430		195
2007	2,825,000	1,745,155,468	0.16	16,742		169
2008	2,465,000	1,745,155,468	0.14	16,742		147
2009	2,055,000	2,071,174,745	0.10	17,281		97
2010	3,205,000	2,875,030,889	0.11	17,281		185
2011	2,820,000	1,778,795,861	0.16	15,301		184
2012	2,415,000	1,565,594,980	0.15	15,301		158
2013	1,995,000	1,575,224,664	0.13	15,215		131

Source: The Town of Payson and the Gila County Treasurer's Office.

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Unit	Outstanding Debt	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
State of Arizona	Not Available	0.35%	\$ -
Gila County	\$ 7,215,000	43.80%	3,160,170
Gila Community College	None	43.80%	-
Northern Gila County Sanitary District	489,000	100.00%	489,000
Payson Unified School District No. 10	33,245,000	74.42%	24,740,929
Total Overlapping Debt:			28,390,099
Town of Payson	3,675,198	100.00%	3,675,198
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 32,065,297

⁽¹⁾ Proportion applicable to the Town of Payson, Arizona, is computed on the ratio of secondary assessed valuation for 2012-13.

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

6% Debt Limit

0/6 Debt Limit			Fiscal Year		
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Debt limit	\$ 9,188,029	\$ 9,380,449	\$ 10,413,736	\$ 12,669,820	\$ 12,669,820
Total applicable to limit		2,030,000	1,930,000	1,740,000	1,545,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 9,188,029	\$ 7,350,449	\$ 8,483,736	\$ 10,929,820	\$ 11,124,820
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of the debt limit	N/A	N/A	18.53%	13.73%	12.19%
20% Debt Limit			Fiscal Year		
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Debt limit	\$ 30,626,764	\$ 31,268,162	\$ 34,712,452	\$ 42,232,733	\$ 42,232,733
Total applicable to limit	1,486,000	1,341,000	1,085,000	1,085,000	920,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 29,140,764	\$ 29,927,162	\$ 33,627,452	\$ 41,147,733	\$ 41,312,733
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of the debt limit	4.85%	4.29%	3.13%	2.57%	2.18%

		Fiscal Year		
2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
\$ 14,408,387	\$ 14,210,510	\$ 12,119,281	\$ 10,686,150	\$ 10,724,270
1,305,000	3,205,000	2,430,000	2,215,000	1,995,000
\$ 13,103,387	\$ 11,005,510	\$ 9,689,281	\$ 8,471,150	\$ 8,729,270
9.06%	22.55%	20.05%	20.73%	18.60%
		Fiscal Year		
2009	2010	Fiscal Year	2012	2013
2009 \$ 48,027,956	2010 \$ 47,368,366		2012 \$ 35,620,500	2013 \$ 35,747,566
		2011		
\$ 48,027,956	\$ 47,368,366	2011 \$ 40,397,603	\$ 35,620,500	
\$ 48,027,956 750,000	\$ 47,368,366 575,000	2011 \$ 40,397,603 390,000	\$ 35,620,500 200,000	\$ 35,747,566

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA CALCULATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Net secondary assessed valuation	\$ 178,737,829
Water, Sewer, Light, Parks, Open Space and Recreational Facility Bonds	
Debt limit - 20% of secondary net assessed valuation	\$ 35,747,566
Net debt applicable to limit	
20% legal debt margin	35,747,566
All other general obligation bonds	
Debt limit - 6% of secondary net assessed valuation	10,724,270
Net debt applicable to limit	1,995,000
6% legal debt margin	8,729,270
Total legal debt margin	\$ 44,476,836

Source: Gila County Assessor's Office.

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE **LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS** (UNAUDITED)

Water Revenue Bonds and Notes Payable

Special Assessment Bonds

Fiscal Year	Utility Service Charges (1)	Less: Operating Expenses (2)	Net Available Revenue	Debt Service Principal	Debt Service Interest	Coverage	Special Assessment Collections	Debt Service Principal	Debt Service Interest	Coverage
2004	\$ 3,601,365	\$ 2,351,811	\$ 1,249,554	\$ 105,000	\$ 45,119	8.32	\$ 292,236	\$ 140,000	\$ 46,905	1.56
2005	3,664,956	1,796,271	1,868,685	105,000	38,269	13.04	260,854	145,000	85,550	1.13
2006	4,101,235	1,055,410	3,045,825	225,000	16,000	12.64	209,279	155,000	76,995	0.90
2007	4,116,226	2,599,177	1,517,049	120,000	39,657	9.50	160,928	195,000	124,530	0.50
2008	4,099,088	2,681,646	1,417,442	130,000	17,000	9.64	160,985	215,000	98,328	0.51
2009	3,725,307	3,557,361	167,946	135,000	10,375	1.16	121,577	225,000	85,508	0.39
2010	3,678,133	3,121,955	556,178	184,518	6,376	2.91	154,543	235,000	78,591	0.49
2011	3,946,946	3,195,508	751,438	184,518	11,709	3.83	154,239	255,000	57,813	0.49
2012	4,206,296	3,300,658	905,638	303,177	5,542	2.93	146,616	265,000	49,143	0.47
2013	4,488,194	3,203,236	1,284,961	312,513	135,576	2.87	57,930	50,000	33,550	0.69

^{(1):} Utility service charges include charges for services, intergovernmental, investment earnings and miscellaneous revenues. (2): Operating expenses do not include depreciation and interest expense.

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

							Town of
				Median			Payson
			F	Personal		School	Unemployment
Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income		Income	Median Age	Enrollment	Rate
2004	15,200	\$ 588,437,600	\$	38,713	48.9	2,599	3.4%
2005	15,375	607,312,500		39,500	48.9	2,613	3.2
2006	15,430	616,783,390		39,973	48.9	2,806	3.2
2007	16,742	669,227,966		39,973	49.1	2,812	4.1
2008	16,965	678,141,945		39,973	50.5	2,712	4.6
2009	17,281	708,400,033		40,993	49.3	2,657	7.3
2010	17,281	708,400,033		40,993	49.3	2,352	7.9
2011	15,301	562,525,964		36,764	54.2	2,420	7.7
2012	15,301	647,874,942		42,342	53.1	2,225	9.6
2013	15,215	665,519,315		43,741	53.1	2,485	9.6

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS JUNE 30, 2013 AND NINE YEARS PRIOR (UNAUDITED)

		2013			2004	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment
Mazatzal Casino	319	1	13.88%	294	4	13.37%
Wal-Mart	315	2	13.70%	360	2	16.37%
Payson Regional Medical Center	312	3	13.57%	303	3	13.78%
Payson Unified School District	307	4	13.35%	402	1	18.28%
Gila County	175	5	7.61%	150	6	6.82%
Town of Payson	157	6	6.83%	151	5	6.87%
Rim Country Health/Manzanita Manor	156	7	6.79%	75	10	3.41%
Payson Care Center/Life Care Center	152	8	6.61%	135	7	6.14%
Home Depot	121	9	5.26%	0	13	0.00%
Safeway Supermarket	114	10	4.96%	110	8	5.00%
US Forest Service	75	11	3.26%	100	9	4.55%
Bashas' Supermarket	63	12	2.74%	74	11	3.37%
Chapman Auto	33	13	1.44%	45	12	2.05%
	2,299			2,199		



TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Full-time Equivalent Employees

Function	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
General government										
Town Manager	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	4.0	2.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Town Clerks	5.0	5.0	5.0	7.0	6.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.0
Central Services										1.5
Finance	6.0	8.0	8.0	6.0	7.0	7.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	7.0
Community										
Development	12.0	12.0	12.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	14.0	14.0	12.0
Legal	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.5	4.5	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.5
Human Resources	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	1.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Police Department	40.0	42.0	45.0	49.0	49.0	49.0	49.0	48.0	48.0	50.0
Fire Department	24.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	27.0	27.0	27.0	33.0	32.0
Airport	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.5
Engineering & Streets	16.5	16.5	16.5	17.0	17.0	22.5	22.5	22.0	22.0	22.0
Library	6.0	6.0	7.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
Parks and Recreation	9.5	9.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	7.0	7.0	6.5	6.5	6.5
Water	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	19.0	19.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
Total	147.5	152.5	158.5	165.0	163.0	167.0	164.5	167.5	173.5	175.0

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year Function/Program 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 **Building Permits** Permits Issued 202 374(a) 283 201 115 103 Value of Buildings in \$ \$ 29,178,927 \$ 55,123,657 \$ 68,105,715 \$ 45,006,009 \$ 41,597,955 \$ 20,388,596 Police Average Response Time 6.56 6.28 5.54 9.2 7.23 3.47 Number of Sworn Officers 26 27 29 30 31 31 Total Calls 19,500 20,085 18,944 24,398 20,726 24,233 Calls per Sworn Officer 782 750 744 813 653 669 Officer per 1000 of Population 1.711 1.756 1.938 1.88 1.875 1.824 Total of Index Crimes 608 440 587 577 527 635 Index Crimes per Capital 0.04 0.038 0.037 0.031 0.026 0.037 Number of Drug Arrests 582 486 410 275 156 78 Drug Arrests per Capita 0.038 0.032 0.027 0.016 0.009 0.005 4.47 5.4 5.06 4.09 4.2 Average Response Time 5.09 Total Calls 2,003 2,197 2,280 2.106 2.236 3 Calls per Capita 0.132 0.137 0.142 0.013 0.136 0.161 Fire Personnel per 1000 of Pop. 1.513 1.561 1.49 1.434 1.374 1.562 Fire Safety Inspections 401 486 453 396 418 576 **Event Center** 21 25 Number of Events 28 22 Number of Days Used 77 104 101 120 Other Public Works 14.2 Street Slurry sealed (miles) 15 13.6 0 Snow Removal (hours) 453 250 277 64 Parks and recreation Use of Facilities - Number of Activities 30 39 90 115 2,040 **Program Registrations** 1,951 3,241 3,756 Ramada Reservations 372 276 232 250 Swim Lessons 201 207 395 325 **Pool Passes** 2,498 2,420 2,450 2,500 Library Number of Patrons 13,950 15,257 17,136 14,432 15,712 16,674 Number of Internet Users 18,725 20,305 18,423 15,095 15,532 15,342 Number of New Cards Issued 1,731 1,605 1,562 1,415 1,400 1,200 Circulation per Capita 11.41 11.71 9.23 9.07 9.07 9.71 Patrons as % of Population 91.8 99.2 86.2 93.8 99.9 111.1 Number of Water Taps 7,399 7.609 7,728 7,827 7.122 7.777 1,533.70 Average daily consumption 1.462.30 1,561.70 1.502.30 1,534.30 1.468.80 (thousand of gallons) Peak daily consumption 2,117.90 2,094.10 2,169.40 2,055.10 2,384.20 2,467.50 (thousand of gallons) Elections Number of Registered Voters 7,117 7,117 8,828 8,828 8,913 8,913 Number Voting in Last Election 5,479 5,479 5.123 4.149 4.149 5.123 % of Participation of Voters 58.30% 58.30% 62.06% 62.06% 57.48% 57.48%

⁽a) Starting in 2005 Multi-Family Residential is reflected in the total number of permits and building valuation

Fiscal Year								
2010	2011	2012	2013					
\$ 37 9,358,003	34 \$ 19,087,366	49 \$ 12,652,967	38 \$ 11,747,997					
5 31 26,233 846 1.824 617 0.036 126 0.007	5.33 30 28,259 942 1.961 675 0.044 95 0.006	8.05 30 20,956 699 1.961 655 0.043 137 0.009	5.21 30 20,030 668 1972 674 0.044 39 0.003					
2,387	2,588	2,625	2,680					
0.138	0.169	0.172	0.176					
1.562 535	1.765 567	2.157 398	2.169 453					
30	35	42	49					
127	127	134	185					
0 64	6 0	0	0					
118 3,464 264 n/a n/a	122 3,668 302 n/a n/a	122 3,235 265 n/a n/a	93 3,366 247 n/a n/a					
13,474 14,838 1,143 9.53 96.5	13,525 18,388 1,267 11.34 88.4	14,784 10,269 1,259 10.68 96.62	15,708 12,128 1,131 8.85 1.03					
7,854 1,490.60	7,800 1,493.40	7,838 1,448.20	7,886 1,473.00					
2,044.30	2,050.40	2,057.00	2,522.00					
9,304	9,304	9,921	9,921					
5,123 55.06%	5,123 55.06%	3,146 31.71%	3,146 31.71%					

TOWN OF PAYSON, ARIZONA CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year Function/Program Area - Square Miles 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 Police Number of Employees Patrol Vehicles Fire Number of Firefighters Number of Fire stations Number of Municipal **Employees** 102.5 102.5 105.0 (excluding Public safety) Public Works 105.9 105.9 105.9 Streets (miles) 105.5 105.9 105.9 105.9 105.9 105.9 105.9 Number of Water taps 7,122 7,399 7,609 7,728 7,777 7,827 7,854 7,800 7,838 7,886 Parks and recreation Acreage Playgrounds Swimming Pools